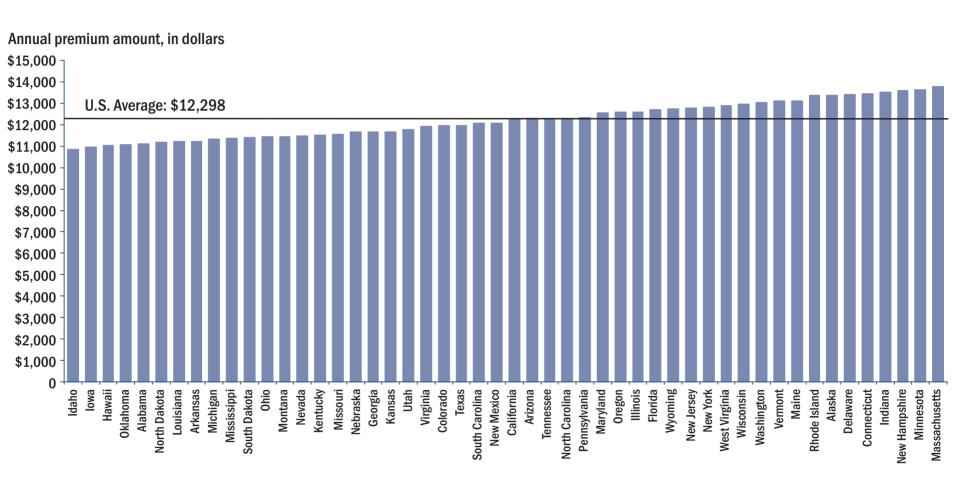
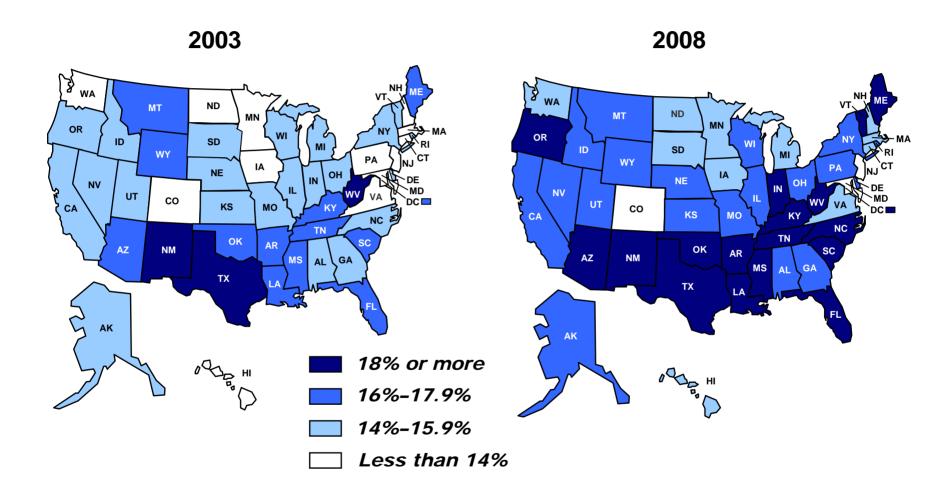
Figure 1. Premiums for Family Coverage, by State, 2008



Data source: 2008 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey-Insurance Component.

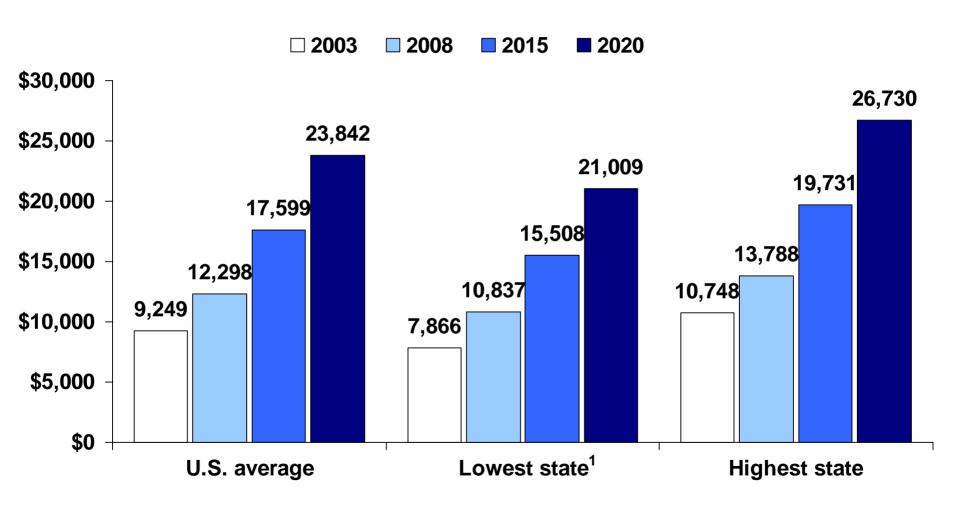
Figure 2. Employer Premiums as Percentage of Median Household Income for Under-65 Population, 2003 and 2008



Data sources: 2003 and 2008 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey–Insurance Component (for average premiums for employer-based health insurance plans, weighted by single and family household distribution); 2004–2005 and 2008 Current Population Surveys (for median household incomes).

Figure 3. Premiums for Family Coverage, 2003, 2008, 2015, and 2020

## Health insurance premiums for family coverage



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 2003: Lowest is North Dakota; highest is District of Columbia. 2008, 2015, and 2020: Lowest is Idaho; highest is Massachusetts. Data sources: Medical Expenditure Panel Survey–Insurance Component (for 2003 and 2008 premiums); Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, National Health Statistics Group, national health expenditures per capita annual growth rate (for premium estimates for 2015 and 2020).

Figure 4. Projected Annual Savings in Family Premiums, 2015 and 2020

	2015		2020	
	1% Savings	1.5% Savings	1% Savings	1.5% Savings
Average of highest 10 premium states (MA, MN, NH, IN, CT, DC, DE, AK, RI, ME)	\$1,245	\$1,842	\$2,814	\$4,114
U.S. average	\$1,138	\$1,682	\$2,571	\$3,759
Average of lowest 10 premium states (ID, IA, HI, OK, AL, ND, LA, AR, MI, MS)	\$1,029	\$1,522	\$2,327	\$3,401

Data sources: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Center for Financing, Access and Cost Trends, 2008 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey–Insurance Component (2008 premiums); Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, National Health Statistics Group, national health expenditures per capita annual growth rate (premium estimates for 2015 and 2020).