

Securing a Healthy Future: The Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011 Chartpack

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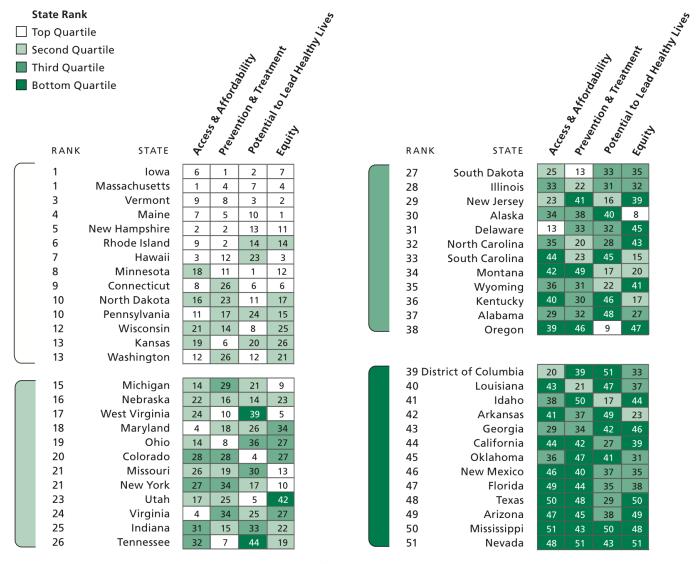
February 2011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY Exhibit 1

Indicators of State Child Health System Performance

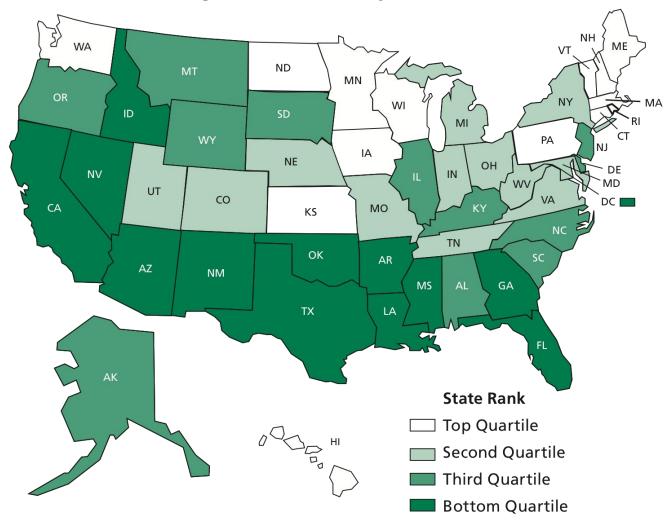
	Dimension and indicator	Year	All states median	Range of performance (Bottom state rate—Top state rate)	Best state
	Access & Affordability	icai	median	state rate)	Dest state
1	Children ages 0–18 insured	2008–09	91.4	82.0–96.7	MA
	Parents ages 19–64 insured	2008-09	83.7	65.5–95.6	MA
	Currently insured children whose health insurance coverage is adequate to meet needs	2007	77.0	68.7–83.8	н
4	Average total premium for employer-based family coverage as percent of median income for family household (all members under age 65)	2009	18.6	24.9–13.9	СТ
	Prevention & Treatment				
5	Children with a medical home	2007	60.7	45.4–69.3	NH
6	Young children (ages 19–35 months) received all recommended doses of six key vaccines	2009	74.4	64.6–84.1	IA
7	Children with a preventive medical care visit in the past year	2007	87.8	76.7–97.7	RI
8	8 Children ages 1–17 with a preventive dental care visit in the past year 2007		79.1	68.5–86.9	н
9	Children ages 2–17 needing mental health treatment/ counseling who received mental health care in the past year	2007	63.0	41.7–81.5	PA
10	Young children (ages 10 months-5 years) received standardized developmental screening during visit	2007	18.8	10.7–47.0	NC
11	Hospital admissions for pediatric asthma per 100,000 children ages 2–17	2006	128.7	251.0–44.1	OR
12	Children with special health care needs who had no problems receiving referrals when needed		80.3	70.3–89.8	RI
13	 Children with special health care needs whose families received all needed family support services 		72.8	56.7–83.0	IN
	Potential to Lead Healthy Lives				
14	Infant mortality, deaths per 1,000 live births	2006	6.8	11.9–4.7	WA
15 Child mortality, deaths per 100,000 children ages 1–14 2007 20.0 34.0–9.0		34.0-9.0	RI		
16	Young children (ages 4 months–5 years) at moderate/ high risk for developmental or behavioral delays		25.8	35.2–18.6	ME & MN
17	7 Children ages 10–17 who are overweight or obese 2007 30.6		44.4–23.1	MN & UT	
18	Children ages 1–17 with oral health problems	2007	25.8	31.6–20.0	MN
19	High school students who currently smoked cigarettes	2009	18.3	26.1–8.5	UT
20 High school students not meeting recommended		56.0	66.7–46.4	ID	

State Scorecard Summary of Child Health System Performance Across Dimensions

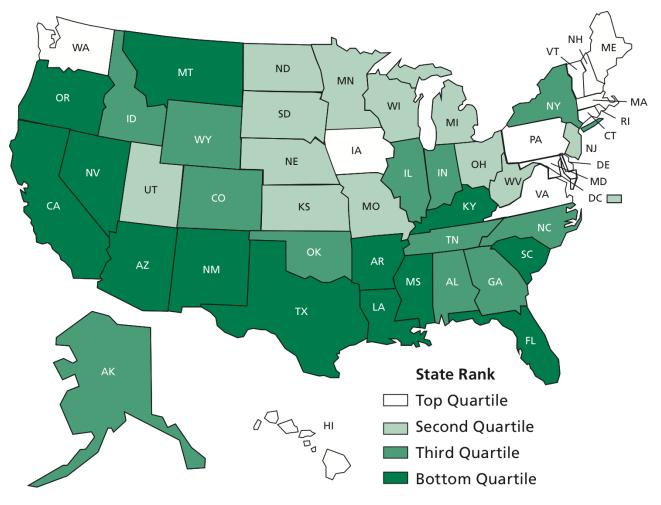


EXECUTIVE SUMMARY Exhibit 3

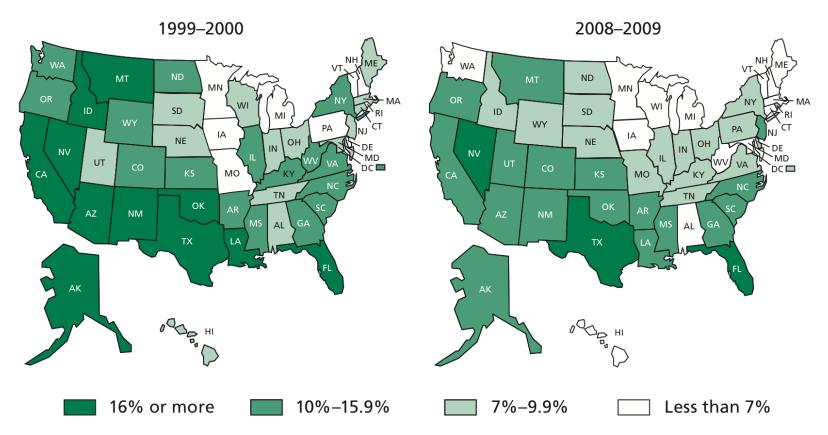
State Ranking on Child Health System Performance



State Ranking on Access and Affordability Dimension

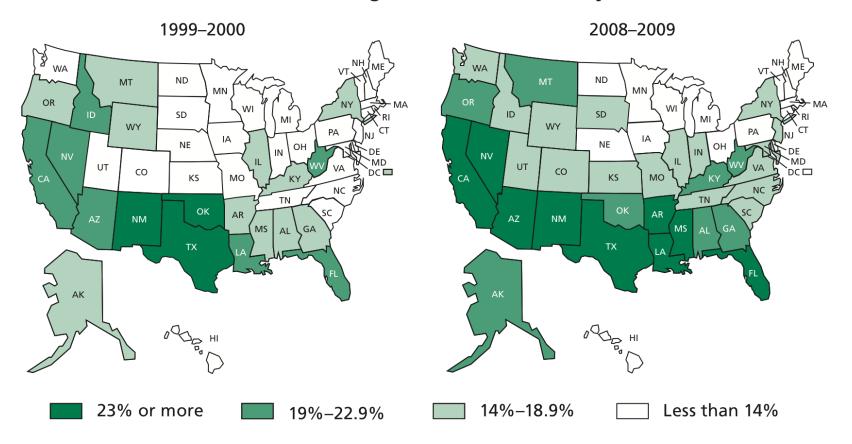


Percent of Children Ages 0–18 Uninsured by State



Data: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000–01 and 2009–10 Current Population Survey ASEC Supplement. Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

Percent of Parents Ages 19–64 Uninsured by State



Data: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000–01 and 2009–10 Current Population Survey ASEC Supplement. Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

Uninsured Rates and Medicaid/CHIP Income Eligibility Standards by State

	Percent Unins	Percent Uninsured, 2008–09	Income Eligibili	Income Eligibility for Medicaid/CHIP (as percent of federal poverty levels), 2009
State	Children Ages 0-18	Parents Ages 19–64	Children	Working Parents
Alabama	6.5	20.0	300	24
Alaska	12.4	20.0	175	81
Arizona	15.0	23.2	200√	106
Arkansas	11.0	24.3	200	17/2001
California	11.1	23.5	250	106/2001
Colorado	11.4	17.2	250	106
Connecticut	6.8	11.2	300	191/3061
Delaware	9.5	13.4	200	121
District of Columbia	7.5	10.5	300	207
Florida	17.8	26.4	200	59
Georgia	11.5	22.6	235	20
Hawaii	4.6	7.4	300	100/2001
Idaho	9.7	18.7	185	39/1851
Illinois	8.1	16.4	200/3002	191/2001
Indiana	7.7	15.5	250	25/2001
lowa	5.8	11.9	300	83/2501
Kansas	10.0	15.7	241	32
Kentucky	9.6	20.3	200	62
Louisiana	10.3	23.0	250	25
Maine	5.3	8.5	200	200/3001
Maryland	6.8	15.4	300	116
Massachusetts ¹	3.3	4.4	300	133/3001
Michigan	5.6	13.4	200	64
Minnesota	6.1	10.1	275	215/2751
Mississippi	12.3	23.4	200	44
Missouri	8.5	16.3	300	25
Montana	11.1	20.9	250	26
Nebraska	8.4	13.6	700	58
Nevada	16.6	23.3	700	88/200
New Hampsnire	3.9	11./	300	49
New Jersey	10.4	10.1	350	133/200
New York	7.6	15.9	400	75/1501
North Carolina	11.0	18.7	200	49
North Dakota	7.3	10.1	160	59
Ohio	7.5	12.0	200	06
Oklahoma	10.4	22.1	185	53/2001
Oregon	11.9	19.2	300	40/2011
Pennsylvania	7.3	12.0	300	46/2081
Rhode Island	7.4	12.6	250	116/1811
South Carolina	12.9	18.1	700	
South Dakota		15.6	200	52
Tennessee	8.0	16.7	790	/7!
lexas	13.0	34.3	200	26
Vermon+	11.0	14.4	200	44/150
Vermont	2. L	0.0	300	85/300
Virginia	6.7	15.0	200	31
Washington West Virginia	6.7	19.0	300	74/200
West Virginia) S 7	0.6. o	300	300
Wisconsing	0.0 0.3	6.5	200	200
8:::::3	י. י		707	90

Denotes income eligibility for a more limited waiver/state-funded coverage or premium assistance with work-related eligibility requirement.

Denotes income eligibility for state-funded coverage to insure children in families with incomes above CHIP levels.

Denotes enrollment is closed to new applicants.

Denotes enrollment is closed to new applicants.

Dotte: Income eligibility itsed for children is the highest level reported among regular Medicaid, CHIP-funded Medicaid expansions, or separate state programs.

Data: Uninsured—2009–2010 CPS ASEC Supplement; Income eligibility for children and parents—M. Heberlein, T. Brooks, J. Guyer et al., Holding Steady, Looking Ahead:

Annual Findings of a 50-State Survey of Eligibility Rules, Enrollment and Renevalr Procedures, and Cost Sharing Practices in Medicaid and CHIP, 2010–2011 (Menlo Park, Califi: Raiser Family Foundation, Jan. 2011), available at http://www.kft.org/medicaid/upload/8130.pdf. Data based on a national survey conducted by the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities for the Raiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, January 2011.

Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

ACCESS AND AFFORDABILITY

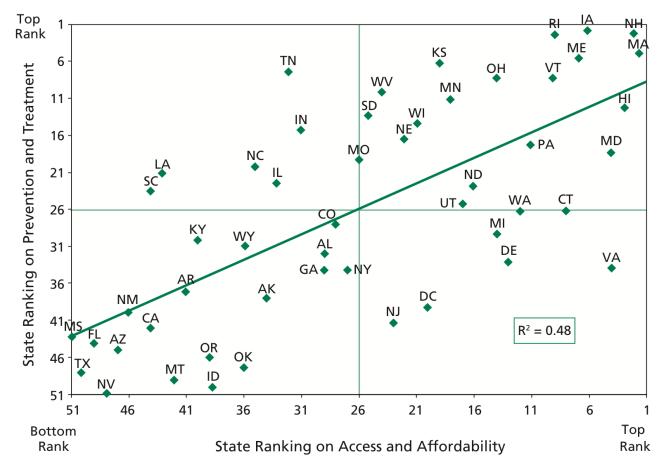
Exhibit 8

Affordability of Health Insurance: Premiums for Employer-Based Family Coverage Relative to Median Incomes for Family Households Under Age 65

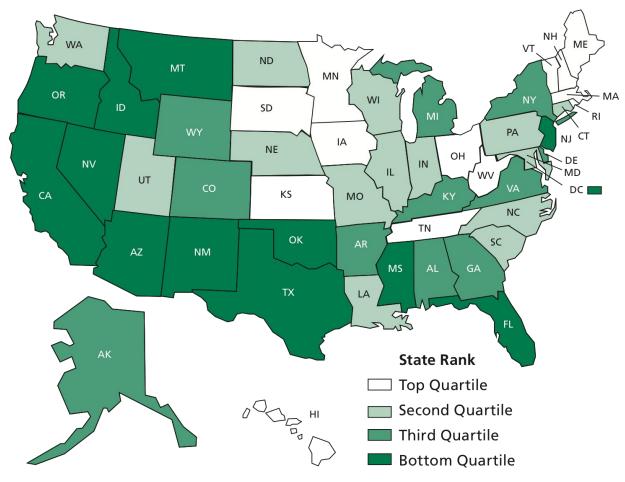
	Average Total Premiu	Average Total Premium for Employer-Based	Median Income for	Average Total Premium
	ramily coverage a Income for Fal	raminy Coverage as Percent of Median Income for Family Household	(All Under Age 65)	ror Employer-based Family Coverage
State	2009	Rank	2008–09	2009
United States	19.0		\$68,683	\$13,027
Alabama	20.9	41	\$57,189	\$11,978
Alaska	17.0	14	\$83,548	\$14,182
Arizona	21.4	44	\$59,787	\$12,813
Arkansas	20.3	1 6	\$32,300	\$10,969
Colorado	16.4	10	\$81,700	\$13.360
Connecticut	13.9	: -	\$101,103	\$14,064
Delaware	17.4	19	\$72,965	\$12,682
District of Columbia	21.5	46	\$66,000	\$14,222
Florida	19.9	35	\$65,000	\$12,912
Georgia	19.0	28	\$67,500	\$12,792
Hawaii	17.4	19	\$68,000	\$11,826
Idaho	18.2	24	\$65,460	\$11,887
Illinois	19.3	32	\$71,002	\$13,708
Indiana	19.9	35	\$64,749	\$12,872
Iowa	16.6	1	\$72,306	\$12,036
Kansas	16.9	13	\$70,200	\$11,829
Kentucky	21.4	44	\$58,010	\$12,407
Louisiana	22.2	48	\$62,500	\$13,846
Maine	18.9	27	\$71,720	\$13,522
Maryland	14.8	4 0	\$93,221	\$13,833
Massachusetts	15.2	9 %	\$96,800	\$14,723
Michigan	18.6	97	\$70,670	\$13,160
Ministriciani	16./	71.	\$79,016	\$13,202
Mississippi	17.0	37	000,054	\$12,390
Mostana	6.71	77	\$89,000	\$12,535 \$11,26E
Nebraska	17.7	2 %	\$96,314	\$11,383
Neveda	20.1	37	¢63 301	\$12,227
New Hampshire	14.5	٠ ش	\$ 95,000	\$12,700 \$13.822
New Jersey	14.0		000/555	\$13,750
New Mexico	22.3	49	\$57,490	\$12,848
New York	20.4	40	\$67,546	\$13,757
North Carolina	21.5	46	\$61,000	\$13,087
North Dakota	16.1	6	\$71,841	\$11,590
Ohio	17.4	19	\$68,064	\$11,870
Oklahoma	18.2	24	\$62,605	\$11,417
Oregon	19.0	28	\$67,400	\$12,783
Pennsylvania	17.9	22	\$74,000	\$13,229
Rhode Island	17.0	14	\$80,065	\$13,608
South Carolina	20.1	37	\$61,373	\$12,343
South Dakota	17.1	16	\$68,000	\$11,596
Tennessee	20.2	39	\$60,000	\$12,134
Texas	23.0	20	\$57,500	\$13,221
Utah	15.5	7	\$76,675	\$11,869
Vermont	19.4	33	\$74,908	\$14,558
Virginia	14.8	4	\$85,000	\$12,622
Washington	15.9	∞ :	\$80,400	\$12,758
West Virginia	20.9	41	\$60,100	\$12,554
Wisconsin	19.7	34	\$74,500	\$14,656
vvyorning	13.1	OC	000,57\$	\$14,519

Data: Median income for family household—2009-10 CPS ASEC Supplement; Average total premium for employer-based family coverage—2009 MEPS-IC. Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

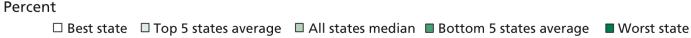
State Ranking on Access and Affordability Dimension vs. Prevention and Treatment Dimension

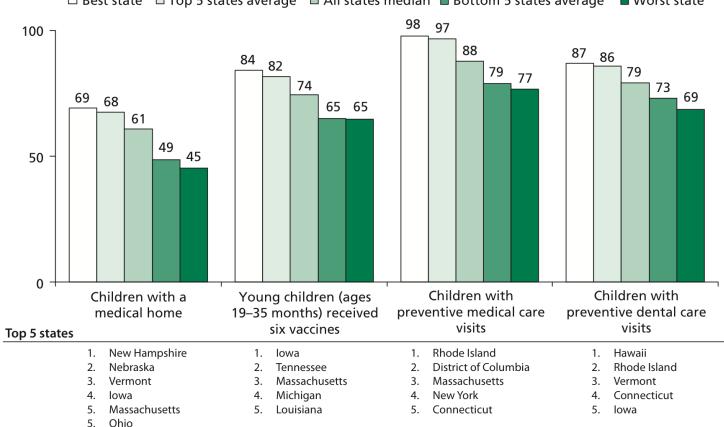


State Ranking on Prevention and Treatment Dimension



State Variation: Medical Home and Preventive Care

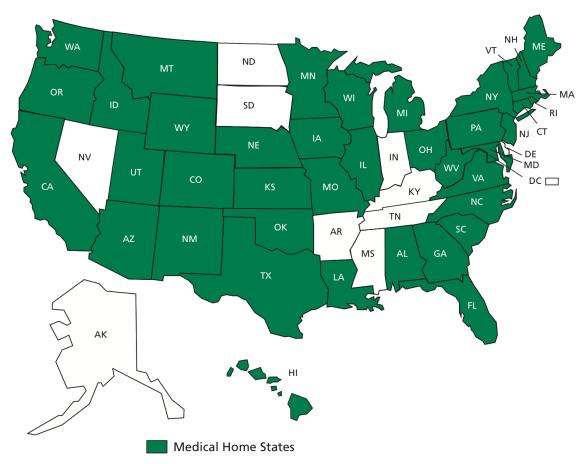




Data: Medical home—2007 National Survey of Children's Health; Vaccines—2009 National Immunization Survey; Medical and dental preventive care visits—2007 National Survey of Children's Health.

PREVENTION AND TREATMENT Exhibit 12

State Efforts to Advance Medical Homes in Medicaid/CHIP



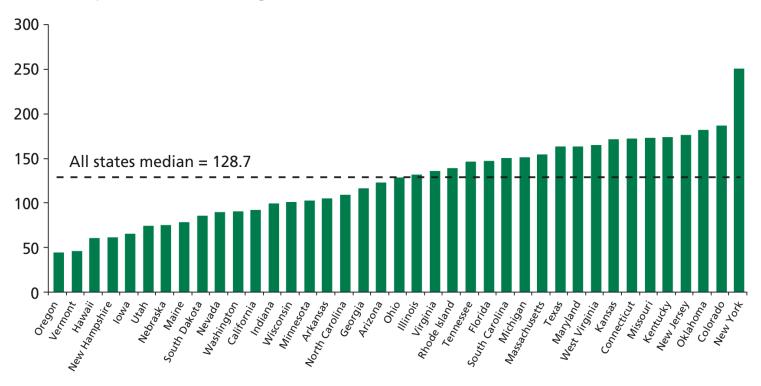
Note: NASHP is monitoring state efforts to advance medical homes for Medicaid and CHIP participants and has identified 40 states that meet the following criteria: 1) program implementation (or major expansion or improvement) in 2006 or later; 2) Medicaid or CHIP agency participation (not necessarily leadership); 3) explicitly intended to advance medical homes for Medicaid or CHIP participants; and 4) evidence of commitment, such as workgroups, legislation, executive orders, or dedicated staff.

Source: National Academy for State Health Policy State Scan, Jan. 2011, http://www.nashp.org/med-home-map.

PREVENTION AND TREATMENT Exhibit 13

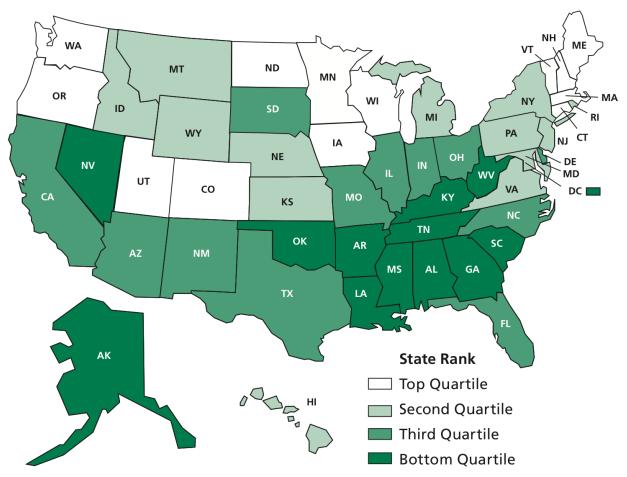
State Rates of Hospital Admissions for Asthma Among Children, 2006

Admissions per 100,000 children ages 2–17

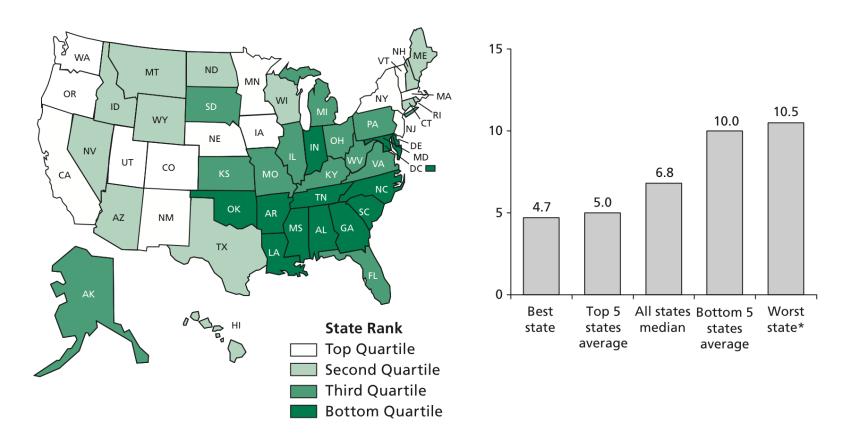


Data: 2006 Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) State Inpatient Databases (AHRQ, HCUP-SID 2006); not all states participate in HCUP. Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

State Ranking on Potential to Lead Healthy Lives Dimension

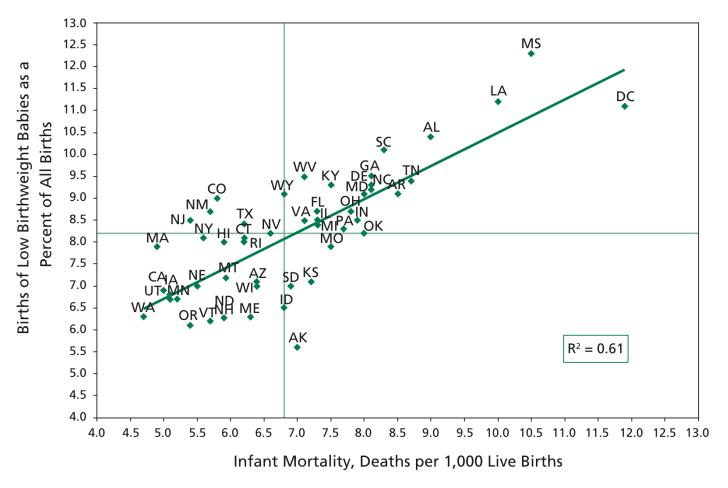


Infant Mortality by State: Deaths per 1,000 Live Births, 2006



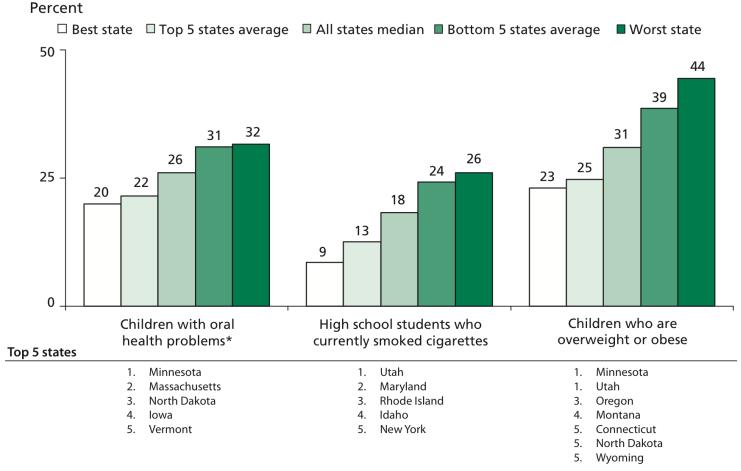
^{*} Excludes District of Columbia with 11.9 infant deaths per 1,000 live births. Data: National Vital Statistics System.

State Rates on Infant Mortality and Low-Birthweight Babies



Data: Infant mortaility—2006 National Vital Statistics System; Low birthweight—Kaiser statehealthfacts.org (2007 National Vital Statistics System). Source: Commonwealth Fund State Scorecard on Child Health System Performance, 2011.

State Variation: Healthy Lives

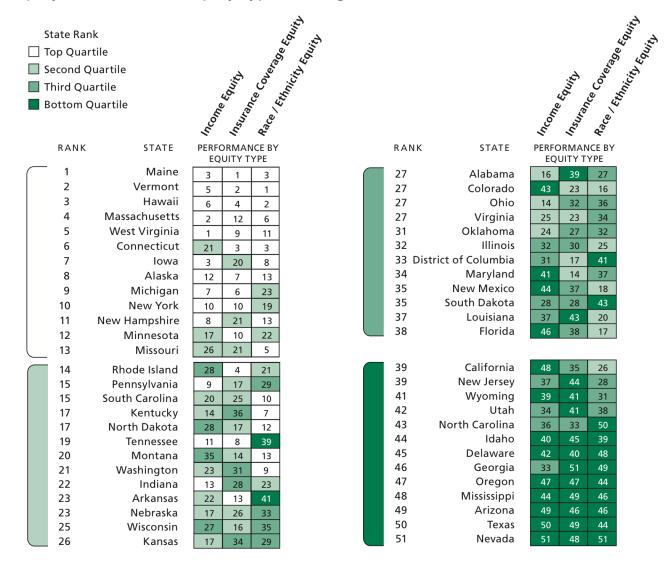


^{*} Children who had at least one of the following oral health problems in the past six months: a toothache, decayed teeth/cavities, broken teeth, or bleeding gums.

Data: 2007 National Survey of Children's Health.

EQUITY Exhibit 18

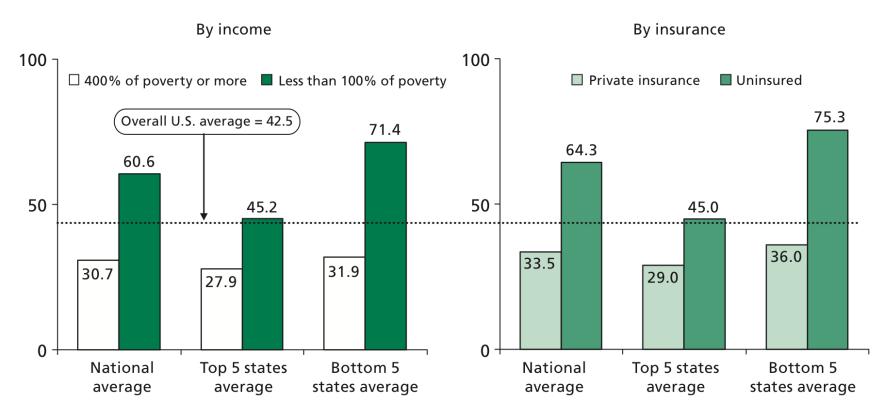
Equity Dimension and Equity Type Ranking



EQUITY Exhibit 19

Children Without a Medical Home by Income and Insurance

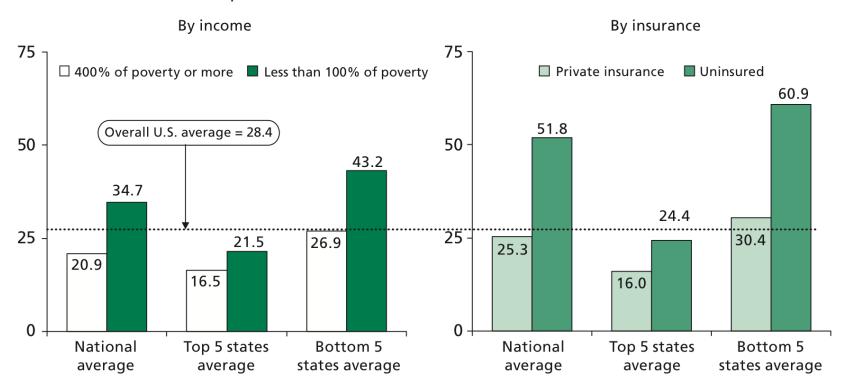
Percent of children without a medical home



Note: Top 5 states refer to states with smallest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Bottom 5 states refer to states with largest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Data: 2007 National Survey of Children's Health.

Children Without Both Preventive Medical and Dental Care Visits by Income and Insurance

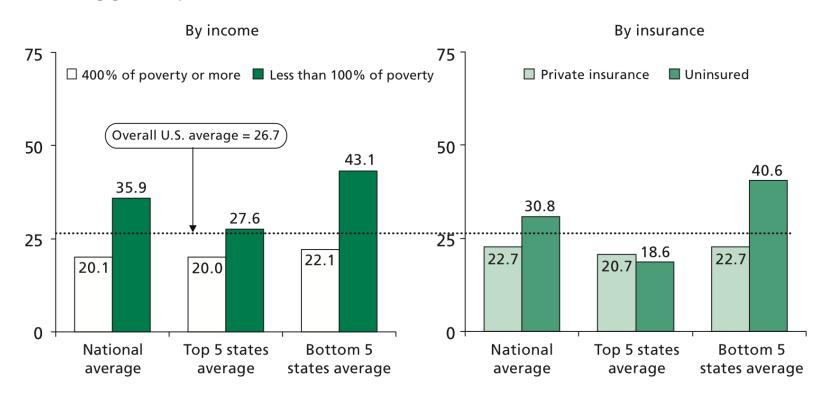
Percent of children without preventive medical and dental care visits



Note: Top 5 states refer to states with smallest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Bottom 5 states refer to states with largest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Data: 2007 National Survey of Children's Health.

Children with Oral Health Problems by Income and Insurance

Percent of children with a toothache, decayed teeth/cavities, broken teeth, or bleeding gums in past six months

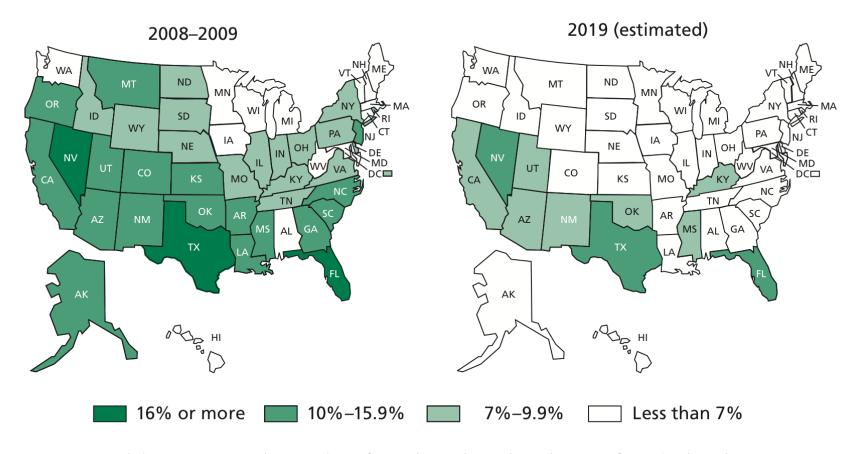


Note: Top 5 states refer to states with smallest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Bottom 5 states refer to states with largest gaps between overall U.S. average and low-income/uninsured groups. Data: 2007 National Survey of Children's Health.

National Cumulative Impact If All States Achieved Top State Rate

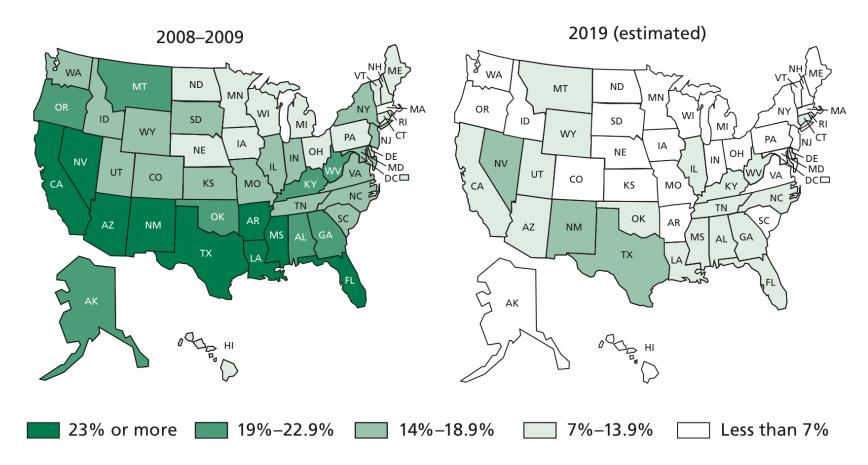
Indicator	If all states imp for this indicate	roved their performance to the level of the best-performing state or, then:
Insured Children	5,568,435	more children ages 0–18 would be covered by health insurance (public or private), and therefore would be more likely to receive health care when needed.
Insured Parents	10,394,481	more parents ages 19–64 would be covered by health insurance (public or private), and therefore would be more likely to receive health care when needed.
Medical Home	8,791,965	more children ages 0–17 would have a medical home to help ensure that care is coordinated and accessible when needed.
Vaccinations	592,963	more young children (ages 19–35 months) would be up-to-date on all recommended doses of six key vaccines.
Preventive Care Visits	10,170,287	more children ages 0–17 would receive both routine preventive medical and dental care visits.
Specialty Referrals	366,637	fewer children with special health care needs ages 0–17 who needed a referral to see another doctor or receive services would have problems getting such referrals.
Child Mortality	5,749	fewer deaths among children ages 1–14 might occur.
Oral Health Problems	4,691,470	fewer children ages 1–17 would be suffering from oral health problems, including toothaches, decayed teeth/cavities, broken teeth, and bleeding gums.

Post-Reform: Percent of Children Ages 0–18 Uninsured by State



Data: 2009–10 Current Population Survey ASEC Supplement; estimates for 2019 by Jonathan Gruber and Ian Perry of MIT using the Gruber Microsimulation Model for The Commonwealth Fund.

Post-Reform: Percent of Parents Ages 19–64 Uninsured by State



Data: 2009–10 Current Population Survey ASEC Supplement; estimates for 2019 by Jonathan Gruber and Ian Perry of MIT using the Gruber Microsimulation Model for The Commonwealth Fund.