# The Commonwealth Fund 1998 International Health Policy Survey 

Accompanies May/June 1999 Health Affairs Article

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## Methodology

- Survey of $\sim 1,000$ adults in five nations: Australia (1,001), Canada (1,006), New Zealand (999), the United Kingdom $(1,043)$, and the United States $(1,010)$.
- Telephone survey conducted by Louis Harris \& Associates and their international affiliates from AprilJune 1998.
- Interviewees were asked about their views of their nation's health care system, including their attitudes about its structure and recent system reforms, as well as experiences getting and using health care services.


## Overall View of the Health Care System

| Percent reporting: | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| System works well, <br> only minor changes <br> needed | $19 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| Some good things, <br> but fundamental <br> change needed | $49 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| System has so <br> much wrong with it, <br> it needs complete <br> rebuilding | $30 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $33 \%$ |

## Support for Major Health System Change

Percent saying the health care system needs to be rebuilt


## Views of Health Care System in Five Nations - Trends

|  | Rebuild <br> Completely |  | Minor Changes <br> Needed |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1988^{*}$ | 1998 | 1988 | 1998 |
| Australia | $17 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| Canada | $5 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| United Kingdom | $17 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| United States | $29 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $17 \%$ |

*Harvard/Harris/Baxter, 1988 (Canada, UK, and US)
Commonwealth Fund 1998 International Health Policy Survey
Commonwealth Fund/Harvard/Louis Harris \& Associates

## Most Important Problem

|  | Problem (\%) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Australia | Waiting times (23\%) |
| Canada | Level of government funding (25\%) <br> Administration \& resource management (25\%) |
| United <br> Kingdom | Waiting times (29\%) <br> Level of government funding (29\%) |
| United <br> States | Inability to afford medical care (30\%) |

## Access Concerns

| Percent reporting: | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unable to get needed <br> medical care | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| Difficulties getting <br> needed care | $15 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $28 \%$ |
| Difficulties seeing <br> specialists and <br> consultants | $35 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Waiting more than <br> four months for non- <br> emergency surgery | $13 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| No regular doctor | $19 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ |

## Difficulties Getting Needed Health Care

Percent finding it extremely, very, or somewhat difficult to get care when needed


## Reasons People Did Not Get Needed Medical Care

## Percent



## Site of Medical Care on Evenings and Weekends



[^0]
## Cost Concerns

| Percent reporting: | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial problems <br> paying medical bills | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| Not filling prescriptions <br> due to cost | $12 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| Did not get needed <br> care due to financial <br> reasons | $10 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $53 \%$ |
| Spent more than $\$ 750$ <br> out-of-pocket for <br> medical care in the <br> past year | $19 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $29 \%$ |

## Amount Spent in the Past Year on Medical Bills Not Covered by Insurance



## Quality Ratings

| Percent rated the <br> following as "excellent": | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall care received in <br> past year | $19 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| Care received at most <br> recent doctor visit | $36 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| Overall hospital <br> experience | $27 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $26 \%$ |

## Years with Doctor

Percent with doctor for more than five years


Base: Those with a regular doctor
Commonwealth Fund 1998 International Health Policy Survey

## Length of Most Recent Doctor Visit



## Time Spent with Doctor

## Percent reporting time their doctor spent with them was too short



## Effect of Recent System Change on Quality

| Percent responding <br> change will: | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Improve quality | $15 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| Harm quality | $28 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| Have little impact | $41 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $46 \%$ |

## View of Effect on Quality of System Changes

Percent who believe recent changes will harm quality


## Worries About Future Illness

| Percent very worried that: | AUS | CAN | NZ | UK | US |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Won't be able to get <br> advanced care if seriously ill | $19 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| Won't be able to afford <br> needed medical care | $25 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| Won't be able to pay for long- <br> term care of family member | $37 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $36 \%$ |
| Will wait to long to get non- <br> emergency care | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $38 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

## Variations by Insurance Coverage in the United States

| Percent responding | Total | Insured | Uninsured |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rebuild system | $33 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $59 \%$ |
| Didn't get needed care in past year | $14 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| Difficult to get care when needed | $27 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $65 \%$ |
| Difficult to see specialist when <br> needed | $40 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $67 \%$ |
| Problems paying medical bills | $18 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| Didn't fill prescription due to cost | $17 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| Very worried won't be able to get <br> most advanced care | $21 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $53 \%$ |
| Very worried won’t be able to get <br> the medical care they need <br> because they can't afford it | $23 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $65 \%$ |

## Methodology

The Commonwealth Fund 1998 International Health Policy Survey elicited the health care system views and experiences of nationally representative cross-sections of the public in each of five countries - Australia, Canada, New Zealand, the U.K. and the U.S. Conducted from April-June 1998 by Louis Harris \& Associates and their international affiliates, interviewees were asked about their views of their nation's health care system, including their attitudes about its structure and recent system reforms, as well as experiences getting and using health care services.

The instrument was developed by teams from The Commonwealth Fund and Harvard and reviewed by experts in each of the nations surveyed. Interviews were conducted by telephone in all nations except the U.K., where they were conducted in-person. Interviews were completed with 1001 respondents in Australia, 1006 in Canada, 999 in New Zealand, 1043 in the UK and 1010 in the US. The average interview length was 11 minutes.


[^0]:    Base: Those who used evening or weekend care
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    Commonwealth Fund/Harvard/Louis Harris \& Associates

