Figure 1. Uninsured Rates Are Highest Among Hispanics and African Americans, 2005

Percent of adults ages 19–64

Note: Because of rounding, totals above stacked bars may not reflect the sum of each insurance category.
Figure 2. Employer-Sponsored Insurance Coverage Rates Are Particularly Low for Hispanics and African Americans

Current insurance coverage status among adults ages 19–64, 2005

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.
Figure 3. Three-Quarters of Low-Income Hispanics Are Uninsured During the Year; Disparities in Insurance Persist Across Income Levels

Percent of adults ages 19–64

- Insured now, time uninsured in past year
- Uninsured now

Note: Because of rounding, totals above stacked bars may not reflect the sum of each insurance category.

Figure 4. Among Adults with Health Problems, Uninsured Hispanics Are Most Likely to Go Without Health Care

Percent of adults ages 19–64 with health problems* and NO doctor’s visit in past year, adjusted estimates controlling for income

* Defined as having any chronic condition or disability.

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status.
Figure 5. Hispanics—Whether Insured or Uninsured—Are Less Likely to Have a Regular Doctor

Percent of adults ages 19–64 with a regular doctor, adjusted estimates controlling for income

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status.
Figure 6. Cost-Related Access Problems Are Highest Among Those with Any Time Uninsured During the Year, Regardless of Income

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had any of four access problems* in past year because of cost, adjusted estimates controlling for income

- **Insured all year**: 31% for White, 25% for African American, and 22% for Hispanic.
- **Insured now, time uninsured in past year**: 62% for White, 56% for African American, and 51% for Hispanic.
- **Uninsured now**: 61% for White, 55% for African American, and 50% for Hispanic.

* Did not fill a prescription; did not see a specialist when needed; skipped recommended medical test, treatment, or follow-up; had a medical problem but did not visit doctor or clinic.

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status. Source: The Commonwealth Fund Biennial Health Insurance Survey (2005).
Figure 7. Hispanics Are Least Confident About Self-Managing Their Chronic Diseases and Health Problems

Percent of sicker* adults ages 19–64 who are not too/not at all confident about managing health problems, adjusted estimates controlling for income

* Defined as having any chronic condition or disability.

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status.
Figure 8. Across Income Levels, African Americans Are More Likely to Have Health Problems, Even After Adjusting for Age

Percent of adults ages 19–64 with health problems*

* Defined as having any chronic condition or disability.

Note: Percentages are age-adjusted. Source: The Commonwealth Fund Biennial Health Insurance Survey (2005).
Figure 9. More than One-Third of African Americans Visited the ER for a Condition that Could Have Been Treated by a Regular Doctor if One Had Been Available

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who went to the emergency room, adjusted estimates controlling for income and insurance

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status and insurance. Source: The Commonwealth Fund Biennial Health Insurance Survey (2005).
Figure 10. African Americans Have the Highest Rates of Medical Bills and Medical Debt

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who have outstanding bill or medical debt

- Total: 34
- White: 33
- African American: 44
- Hispanic: 29

Figure 11. Having a Regular Doctor Improves Preventive Care Screening Rates and Patient Confidence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Regular doctor</th>
<th>No regular doctor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood pressure check in past year</td>
<td>92%</td>
<td>92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cholesterol check in past five years</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not too/not at all confident can control or manage health problems(^a)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^a\) Defined as having any chronic condition or disability.

* Significant difference from white at \(p \leq .05\) or better.

Note: Estimates are adjusted percentages based on logistic regression, controlling for poverty status and insurance.