Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Adult Uninsured Rates Narrowed After the ACA’s Major Coverage Expansions

Percent of uninsured adults ages 19–64, U.S. average

Data: Authors’ analysis of U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 and 2015 1-Year American Community Surveys, Public Use Microdata Sample (ACS PUMS).

Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Rates of Adults Who Went Without Care Because of Costs Narrowed After the ACA’s Major Coverage Expansions

Percent of adults age 18 and older who went without care because of costs, U.S. average

Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Rates of Adults Without a Usual Source of Care Narrowed After the ACA’s Major Coverage Expansions

Percent of adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care, U.S. average

**Exhibit 3**

Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

Black–white disparity narrowed by 3 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Hispanic–white disparity narrowed by 3 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Disparities Between Hispanic and White Adult Uninsured Rates in Medicaid Expansion States vs. Nonexpansion States, 2013–2015

Percent of uninsured adults ages 19–64

Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date. Data: Authors’ analysis of U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 and 2015 1-Year American Community Surveys. Public Use Microdata Sample (ACS PUMS).


Percent of uninsured adults ages 19–64

Medicaid expansion states, average

Black–white disparity narrowed by 3 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Nonexpansion states, average

Black–white disparity narrowed by 4 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date.

Data: Authors’ analysis of U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 and 2015 1-Year American Community Surveys. Public Use Microdata Sample (ACS PUMS).

Disparities Between Hispanic and White Adults Who Went Without Care Because of Costs in Expansion States vs. Nonexpansion States, 2013–2015

Percent of adults age 18 and older who went without care because of costs in past year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hispanic Adults</th>
<th>White Adults</th>
<th>Disparity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>11</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Hispanic–white disparity narrowed by 3 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date.

Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

Exhibit 7


Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date. Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).

Exhibit 8

Disparities Between Hispanic and White Adults Without a Usual Source of Care in Medicaid Expansion States vs. Nonexpansion States, 2013–2015

**Percent of adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care**

**Medicaid expansion states, average**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>White Adults</th>
<th>Hispanic Adults</th>
<th>Disparity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nonexpansion states, average**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>White Adults</th>
<th>Hispanic Adults</th>
<th>Disparity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>46</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hispanic–white disparity narrowed by 3 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Hispanic–white disparity narrowed by 1 percentage point between 2013 and 2015

Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date.

Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).
Exhibit 9

Disparities Between Black and White Adults Without a Usual Source of Care in Medicaid Expansion States vs. Nonexpansion States, 2013–2015

Percent of adults age 18 and older without a usual source of care

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Medicaid Expansion States</th>
<th>Nonexpansion States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Black–white disparity narrowed by 2 percentage points between 2013 and 2015

Notes: Medicaid expansion states include the 27 states and the District of Columbia that had expanded Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act as of January 1, 2015. Alaska, Indiana, Louisiana, and Montana expanded their Medicaid programs after that date.

Data: Authors’ analysis of 2013 and 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS).