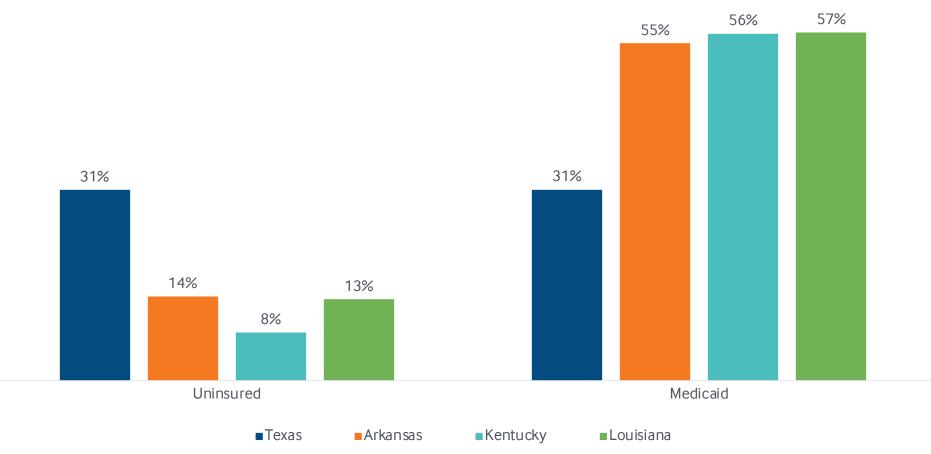
Exhibit 1

Low-Income Adults in Texas Are More Likely to Be Uninsured and Less Likely to Have Medicaid Than Those in Southern Expansion States

Percent of low-income adults



Data: Authors' analysis of data from telephone surveys of 3,004 U.S. citizens ages 19–64 with family incomes below 138% of poverty, Nov.-Dec. 2018.

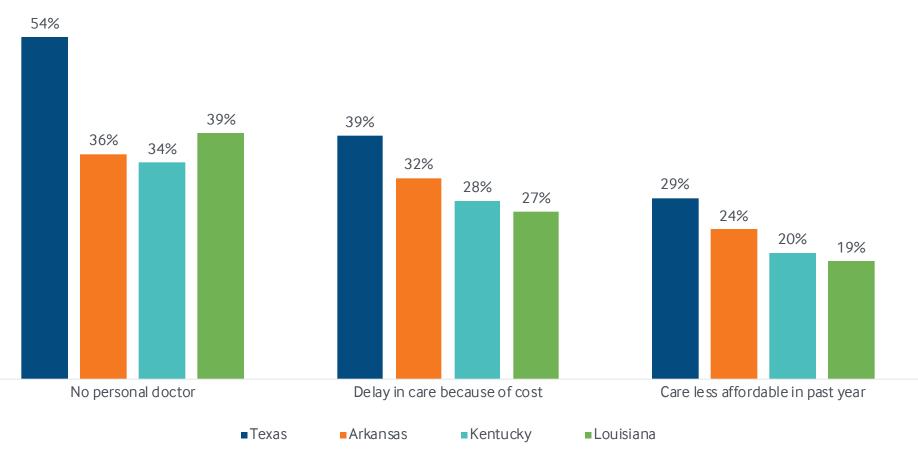


Source: Lucy Chen et al., Medicaid Expansion in Texas: Potential Economic and Employment Implications (Commonwealth Fund, Sept. 2019).

Exhibit 2

Access to and Affordability of Care Is Significantly Worse for Low-Income Adults in Texas Than in Other Southern States

Percent of low-income adults



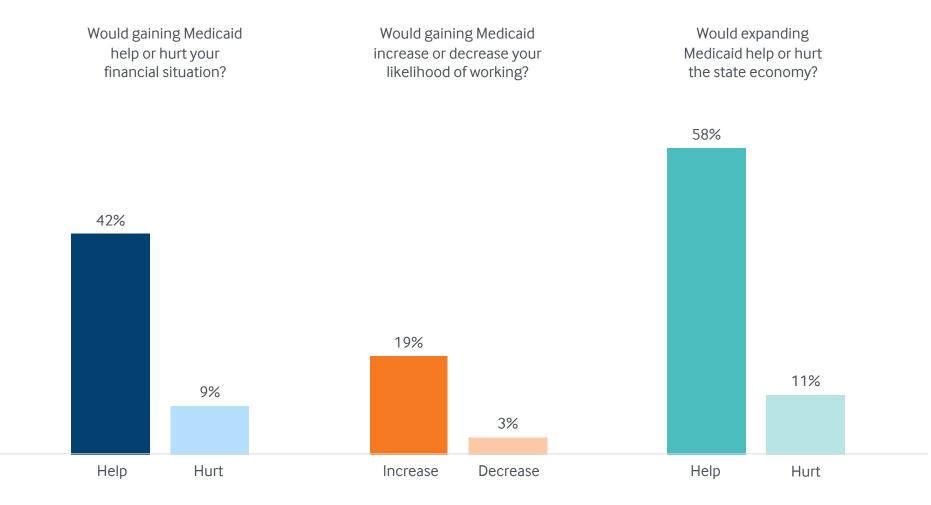
Data: Authors' analysis of data from telephone surveys of 3,004 U.S. citizens ages 19–64 with family incomes below 138% of poverty, Nov.-Dec. 2018.



Source: Lucy Chen et al., Medicaid Expansion in Texas: Potential Economic and Employment Implications (Commonwealth Fund, Sept. 2019).

Exhibit 3

Low-Income Texans' Views on Economic and Employment Implications of Medicaid Expansion



Data: Authors' analysis of data from telephone surveys of 601 U.S. citizens in Texas ages 19–64 with family incomes below 138% of poverty, Nov.–Dec. 2018. The remainder of the sample for each outcome responded "No difference" or "I don't know."



Source: Lucy Chen et al., Medicaid Expansion in Texas: Potential Economic and Employment Implications (Commonwealth Fund, Sept. 2019).