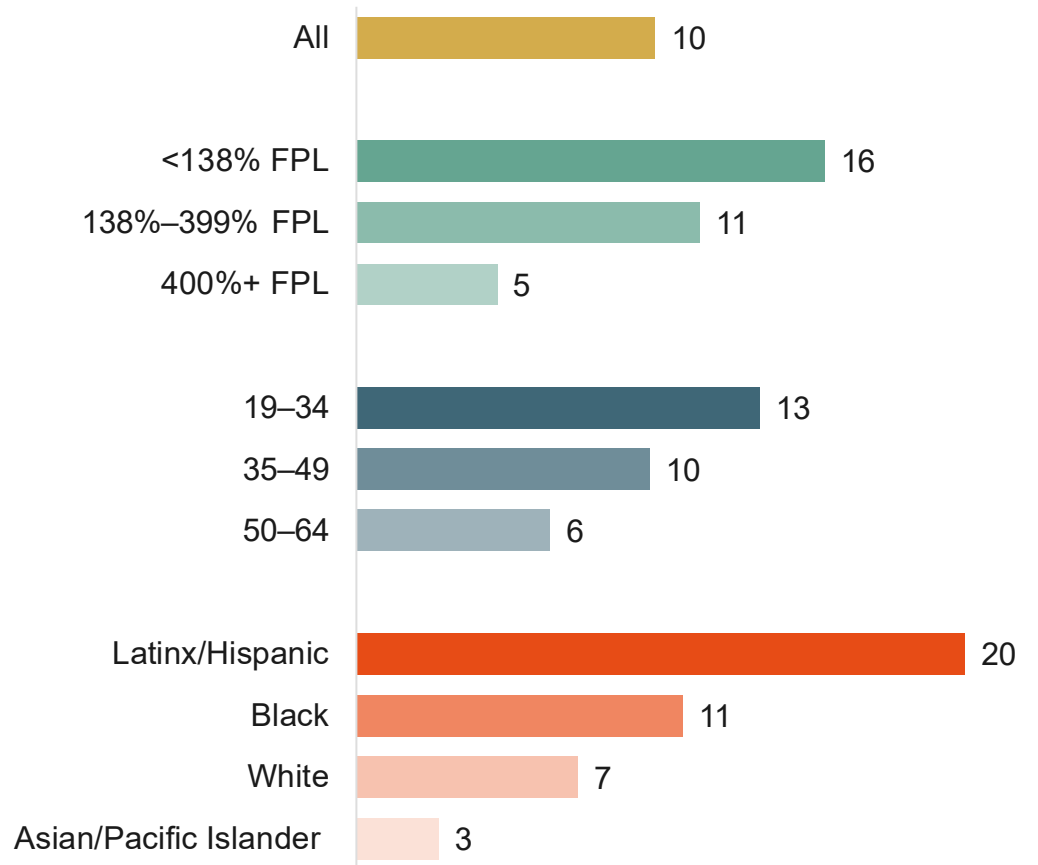


An estimated 10 percent of adults 19 to 64 were uninsured during the first half of 2021.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who were uninsured



Note: FPL = federal poverty level.

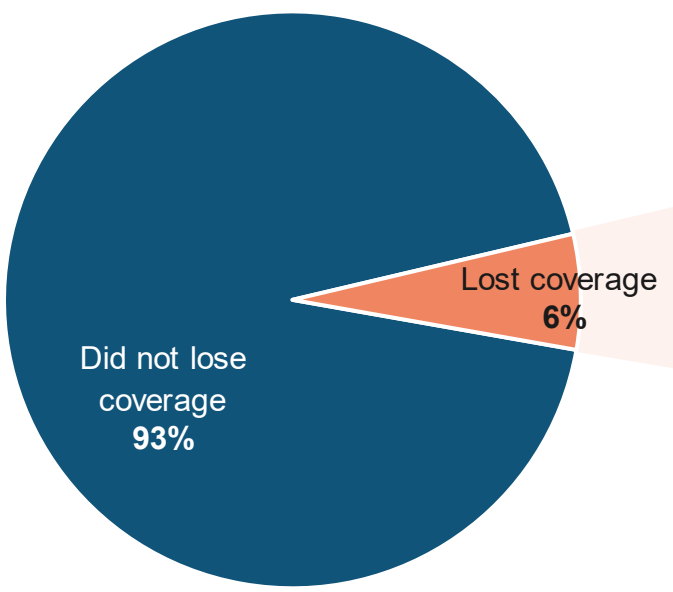
Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).

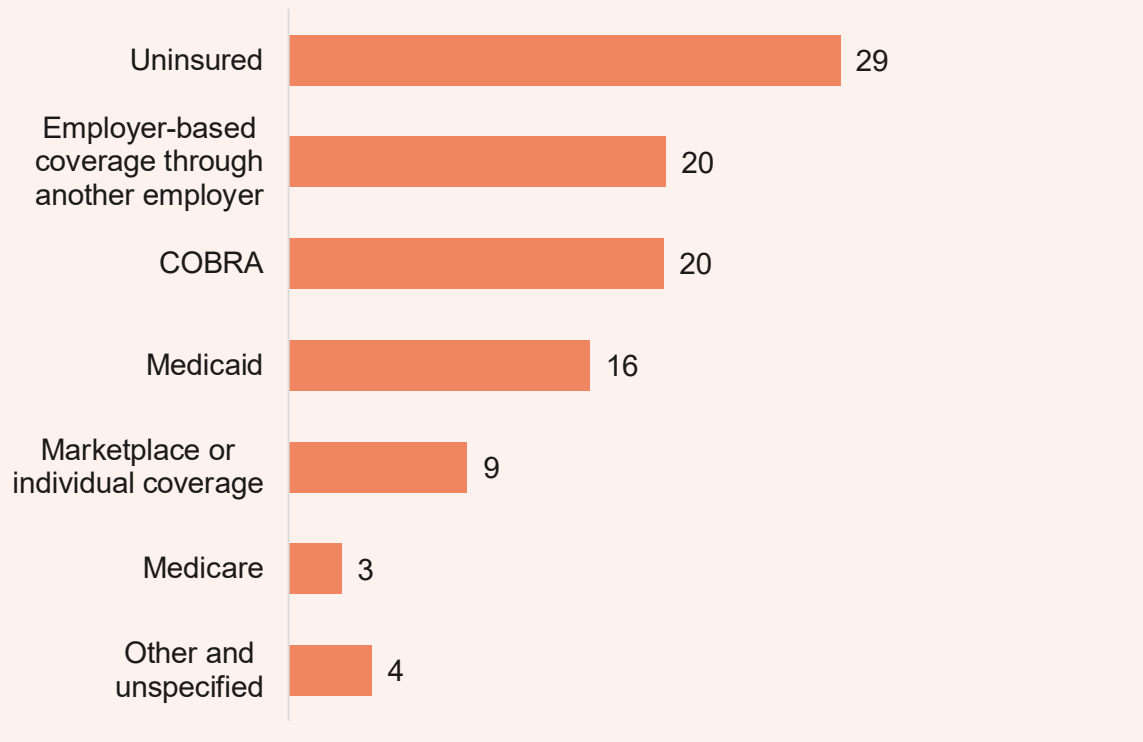


Six percent of adults reported that they lost employer coverage because of job loss related to the pandemic; 67 percent gained other coverage.

Adults ages 19–64



Percent of adults ages 19–64 who lost coverage through their own lost or furloughed job, or through a spouse, partner, or parent's lost or furloughed job

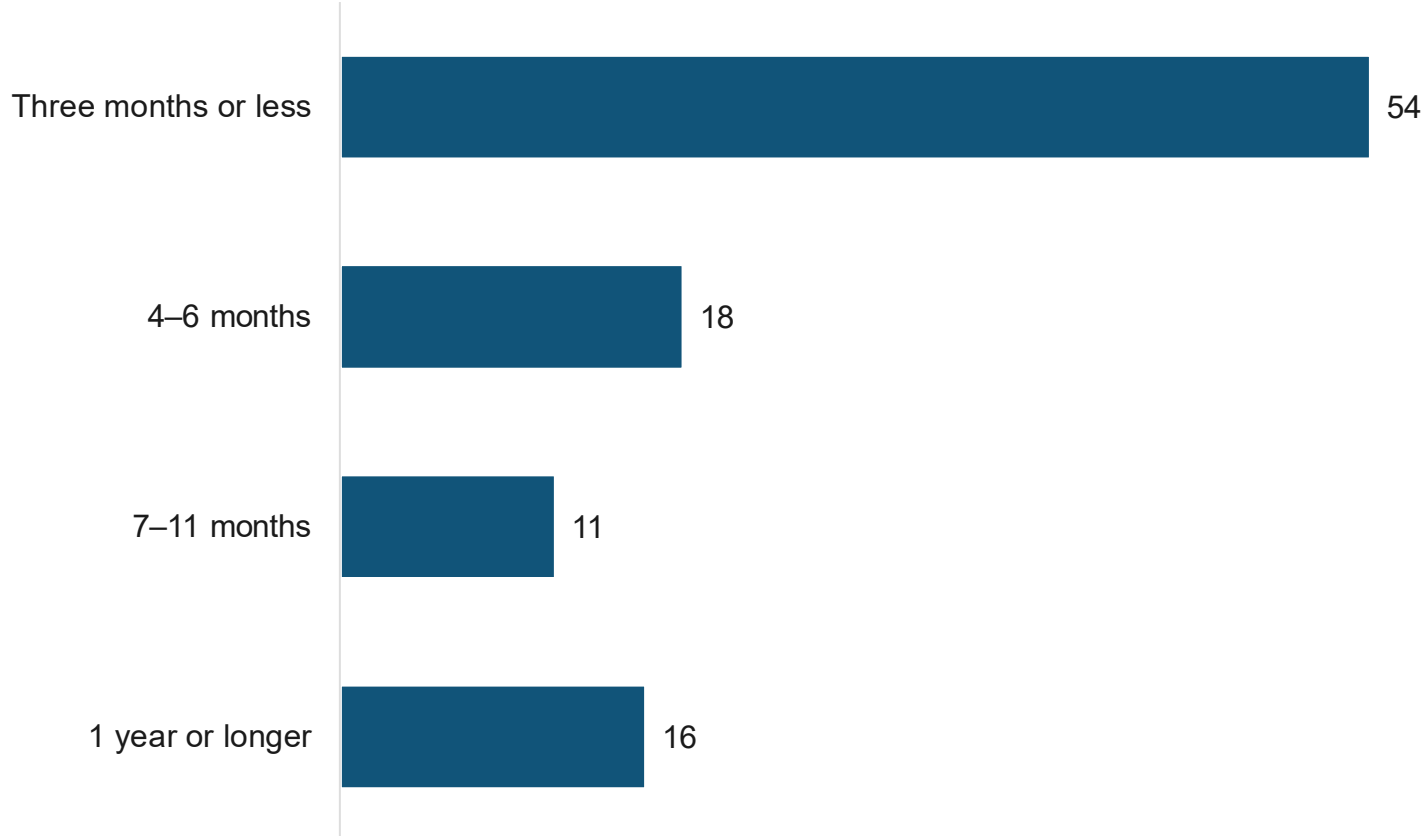


Note: Pie may not sum to 100% because of rounding and unknown respondents.
Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.



For a majority of adults who lost employer health insurance, coverage gaps were brief.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who lost coverage through their own lost or furloughed job, or through a spouse, partner, or parent’s lost or furloughed job, did not get coverage through COBRA



Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).

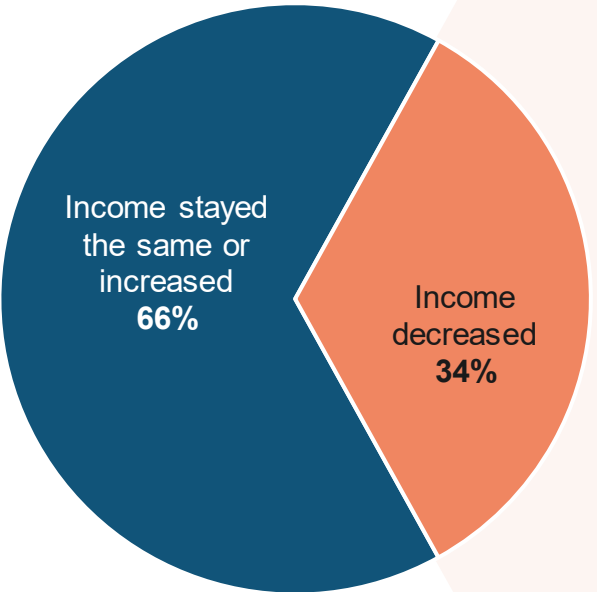


One-third of adults said that their income fell during the pandemic. Higher rates were found among Black and Latinx/Hispanic adults and people with low income.

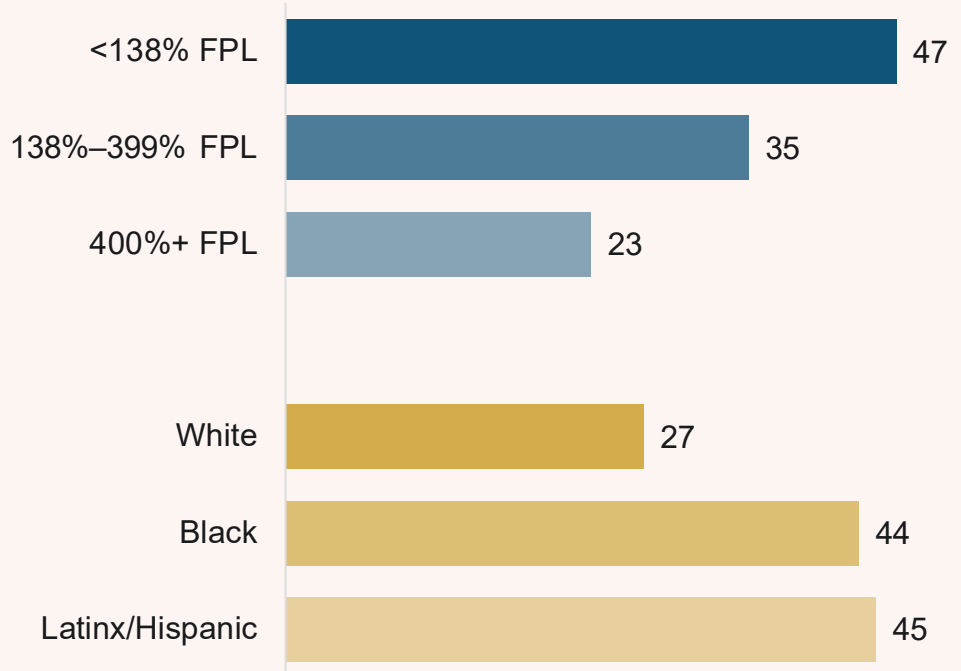


Compared to before the COVID-19 outbreak in the U.S. (March 2020), has your household income changed?

Adults ages 19–64



Percent of adults ages 19–64 who reported that their income decreased since the pandemic began



Note: FPL = federal poverty level.

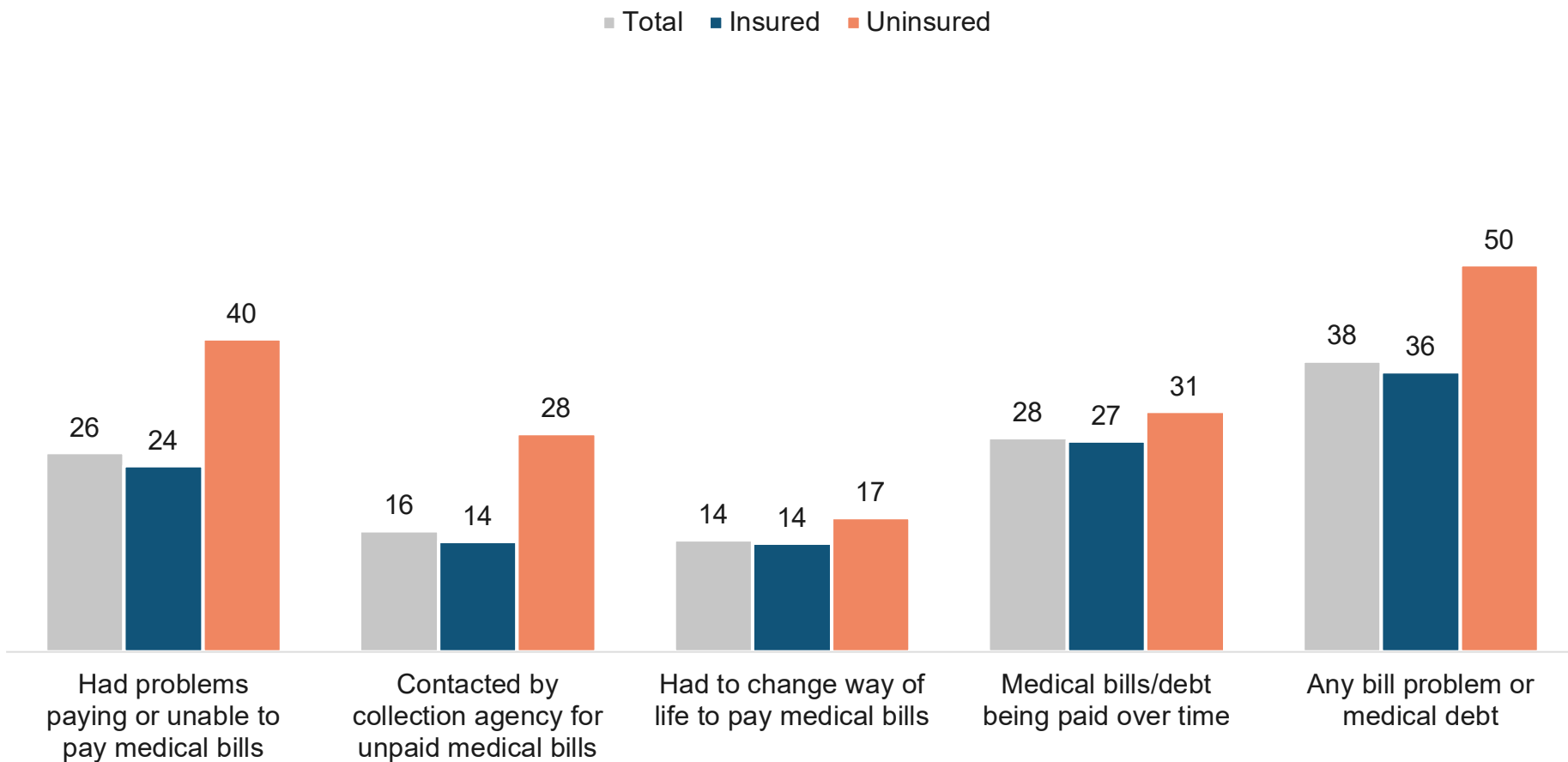
Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).



More than one-third of insured adults and half of uninsured adults said they had a medical bill problem or were paying off medical debt.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had medical bill or debt problems in the past year

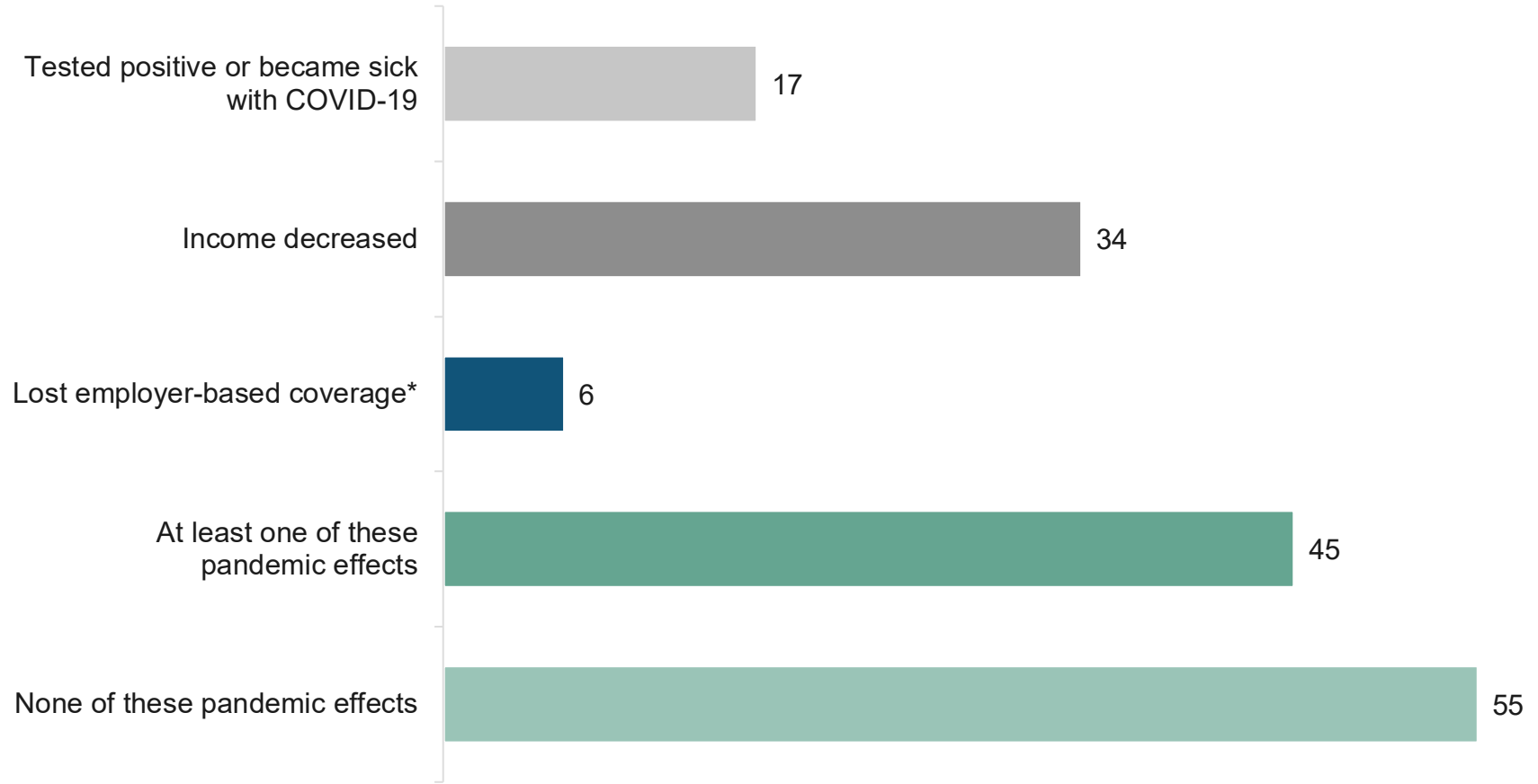


Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).

Forty-five percent of working-age adults got COVID-19, lost income, or lost their employer coverage . . .

Percent of adults ages 19–64



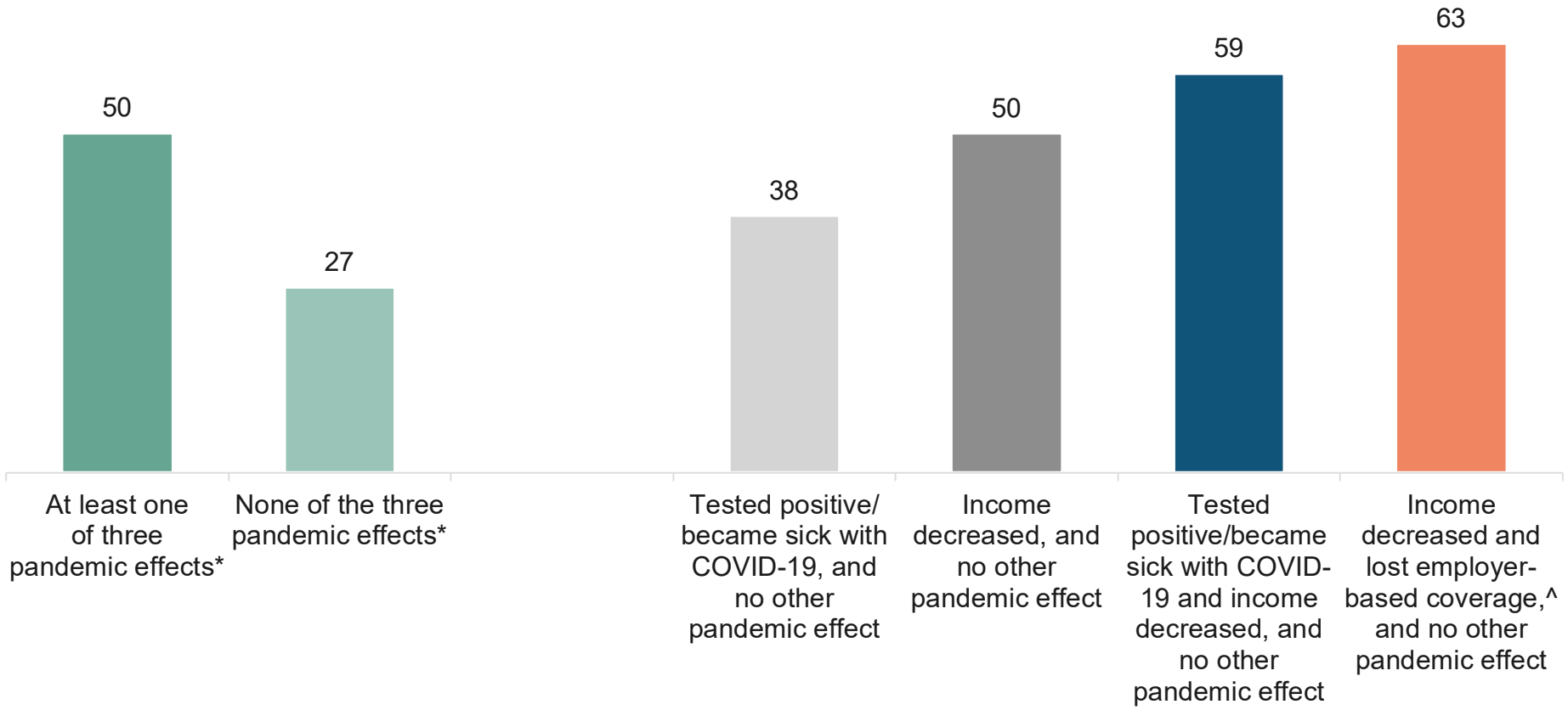
* Includes respondents who lost coverage through their own lost or furloughed job, or through a spouse, partner, or parent's lost or furloughed job.

Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.



... and they had higher rates of medical bill and debt problems than those not affected by the pandemic in these ways.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had medical bill or debt problems in the past year



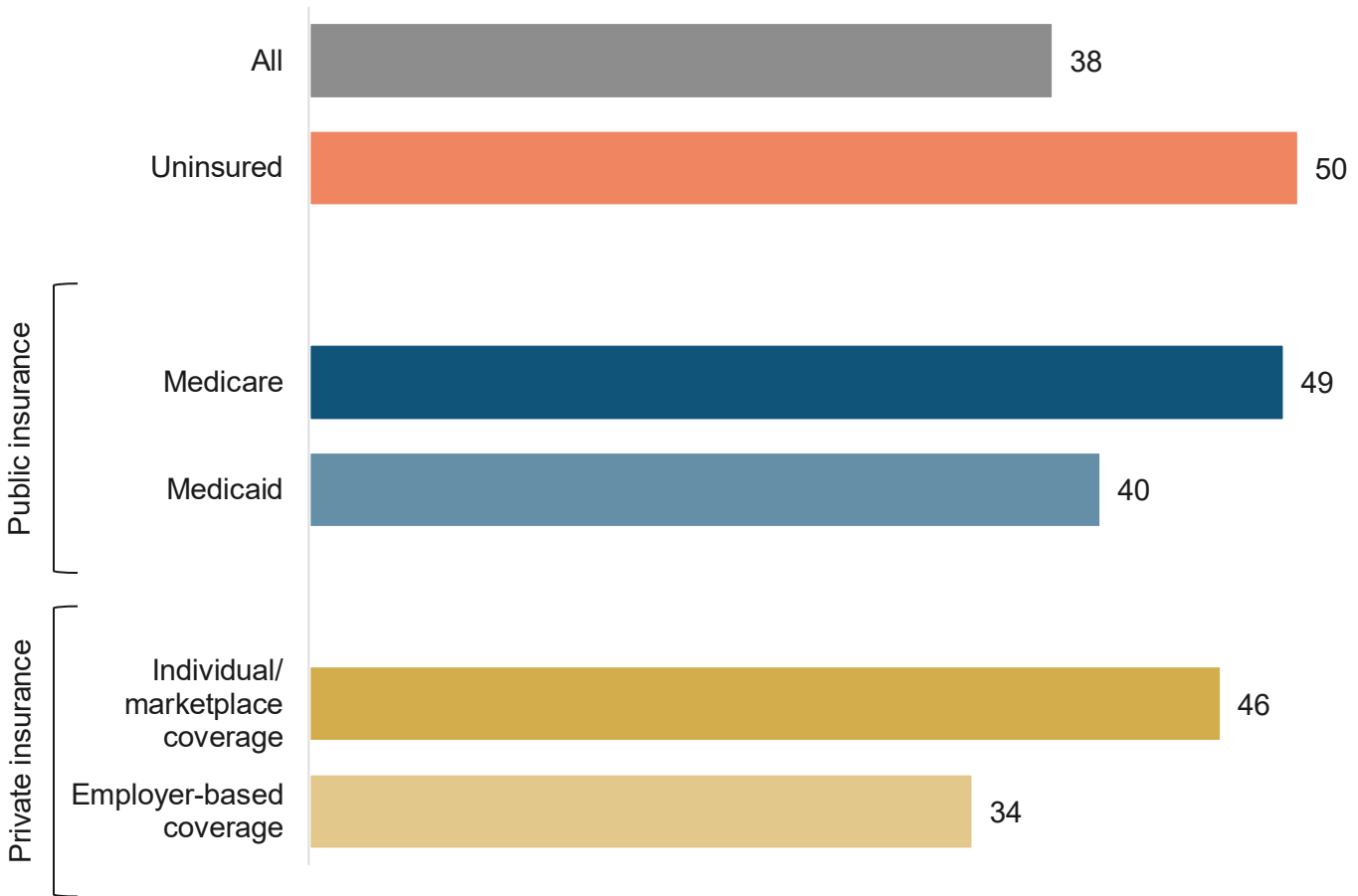
* Includes respondents who experienced at least one of the following: tested positive/became sick with COVID-19, a decrease in income since the beginning of the pandemic, or lost job-based coverage.

^ Includes respondents who lost coverage through their own lost or furloughed job, or through a spouse, partner, or parent's lost or furloughed job.

Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Medical bill problems were common among the privately insured as well as the publicly insured.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had medical bill or debt problems in the past year



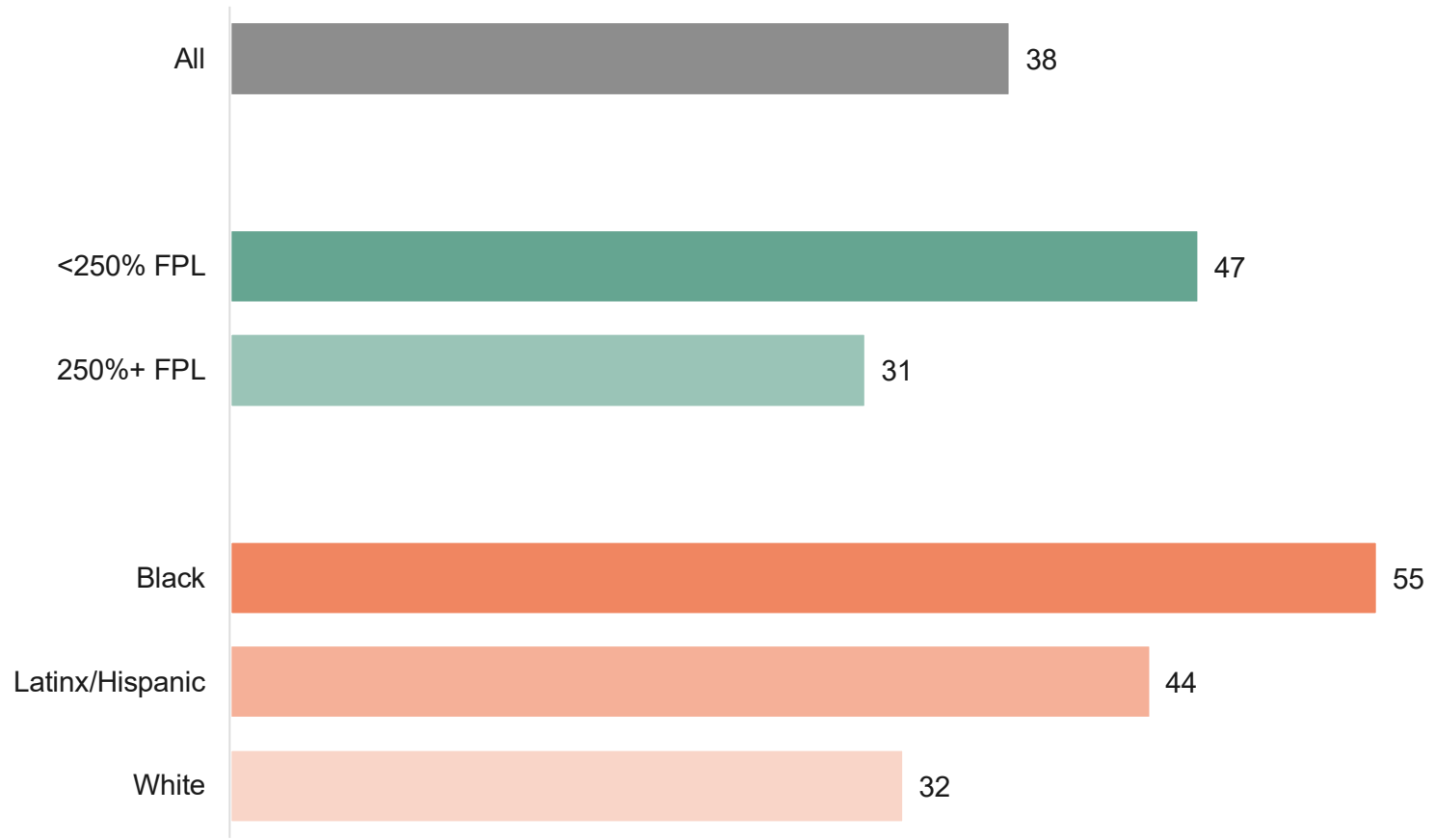
Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).



Black respondents and lower-income respondents reported medical bill and debt problems at the highest rates.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had medical bill or debt problems in the past year



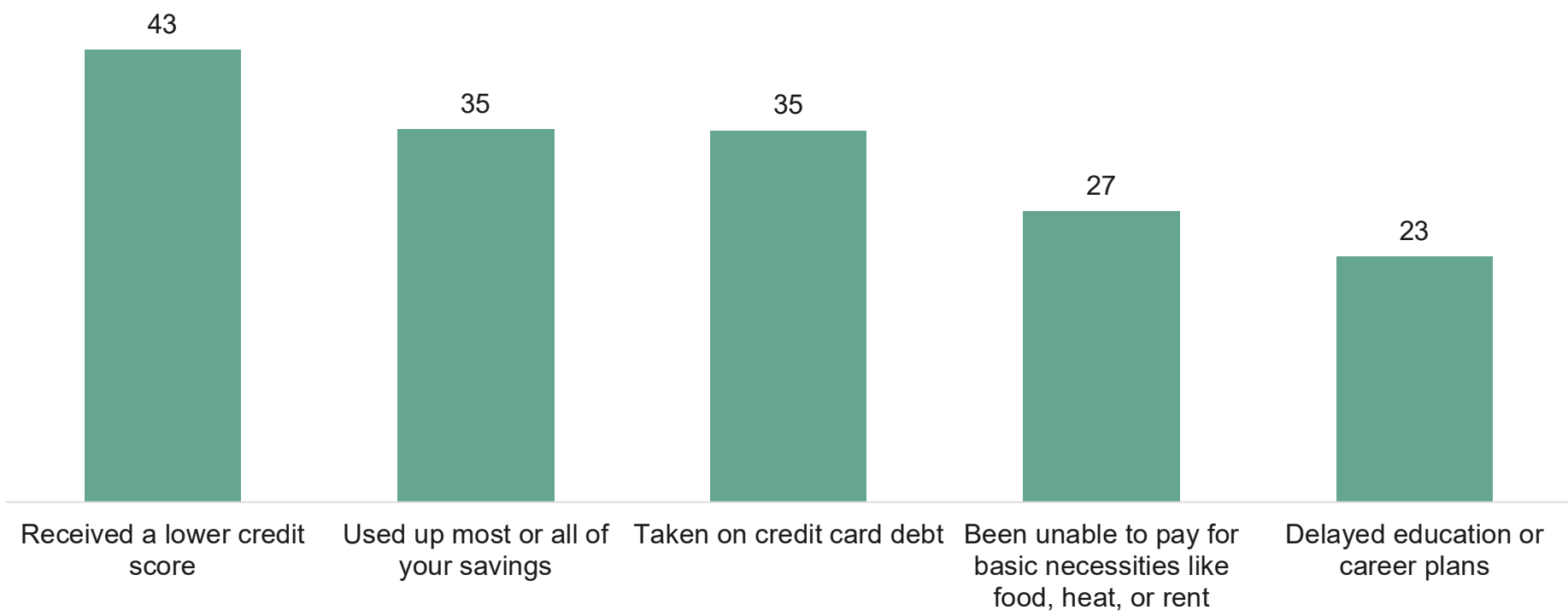
Note: FPL = federal poverty level.
Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

Source: Sara R. Collins, Gabriella N. Aboulaflia, and Munira Z. Gunja, *As the Pandemic Eases, What Is the State of Health Care Coverage and Affordability in the U.S.? Findings from the Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021* (Commonwealth Fund, July 2021).



Medical bill problems led to a number of other financial problems.

Percent of adults ages 19–64 who had the following financial problems in the past two years because of medical bill problems or debt[^]



[^] Base: Respondents who reported at least one of the following medical bill problems in the past 12 months: had problems paying medical bills, contacted by a collection agency for unpaid bills, had to change way of life in order to pay medical bills, or has outstanding medical debt.

Data: Commonwealth Fund Health Care Coverage and COVID-19 Survey, March–June 2021.

