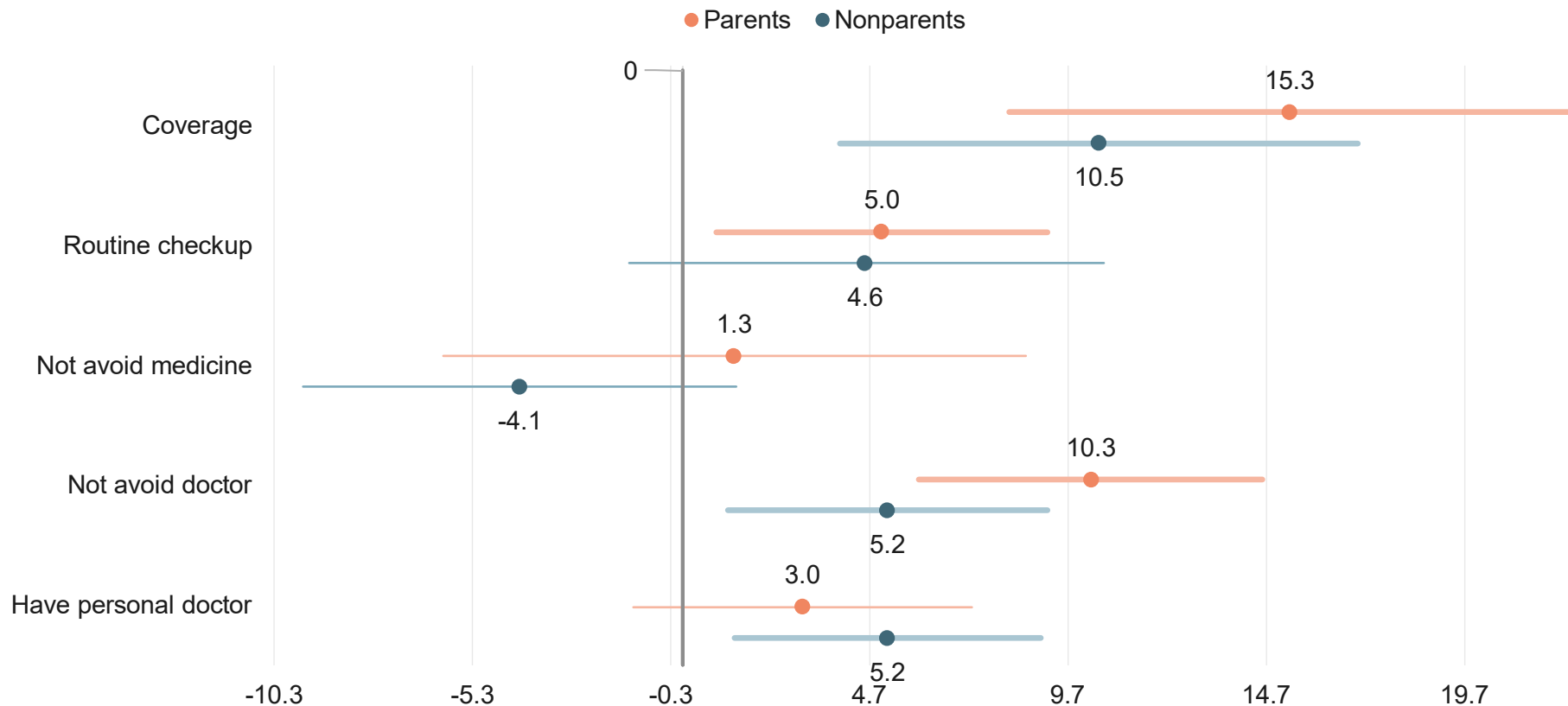


EXHIBIT 2

# Effect of Medicaid Expansion on Health Insurance Coverage and Health Care Access for the Potential Gap Population, Parents and Nonparents

Percentage-point change in expansion states (95% CI)



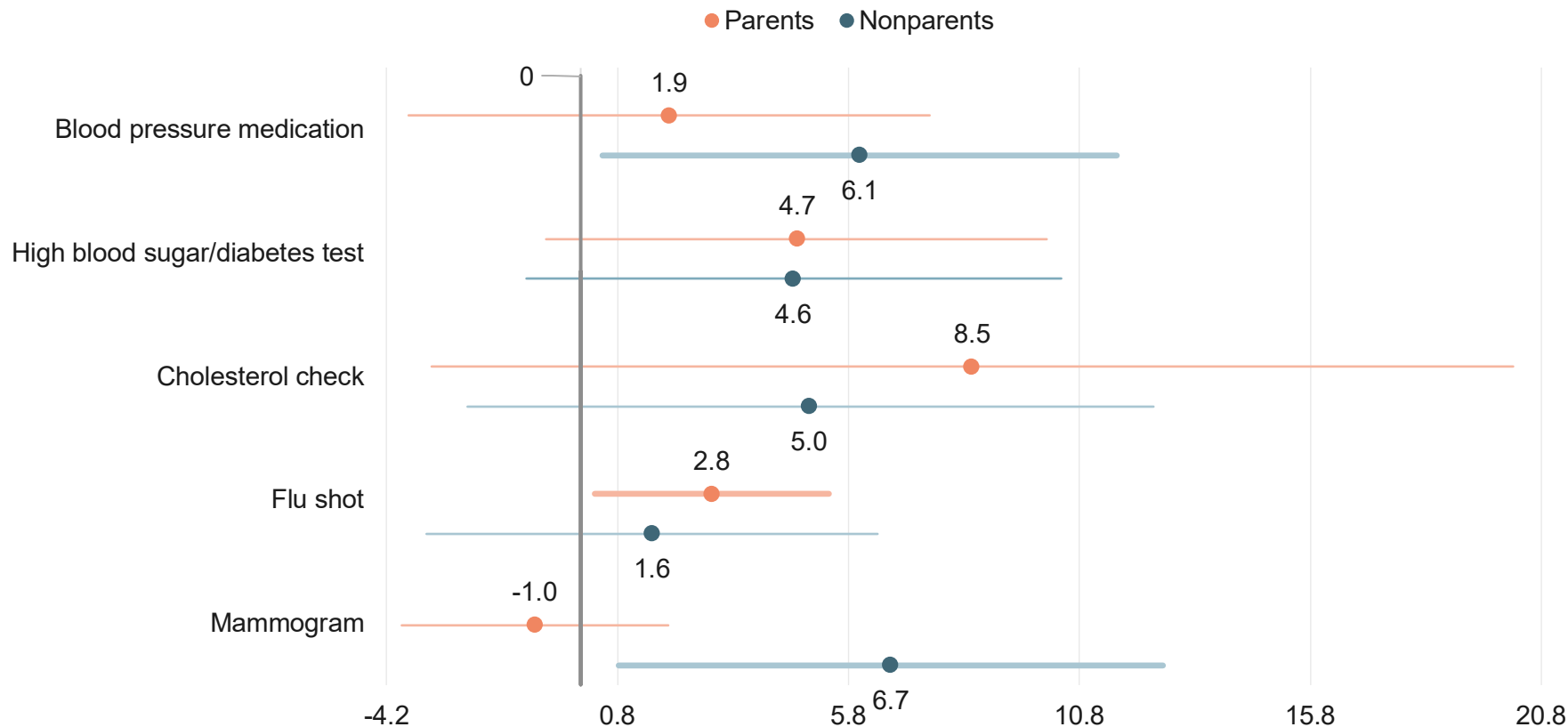
Note: Data represent percentage-point changes in expansion states relative to nonexpansion states for each variable. Each analysis controlled for sex, race, age, education, employment status, and whether the respondent owns their home, and included state and year fixed effects. Error bars represent upper and lower estimates of the 95% confidence interval (CI). Bold plots are statistically significant with  $p < 0.05$ .

Data: Authors' analysis of the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2011–2013 and 2017–2019.

EXHIBIT 3

# Effect of Medicaid Expansion on Health Care Utilization for the Potential Gap Population

Percentage-point change in expansion states (95% CI)

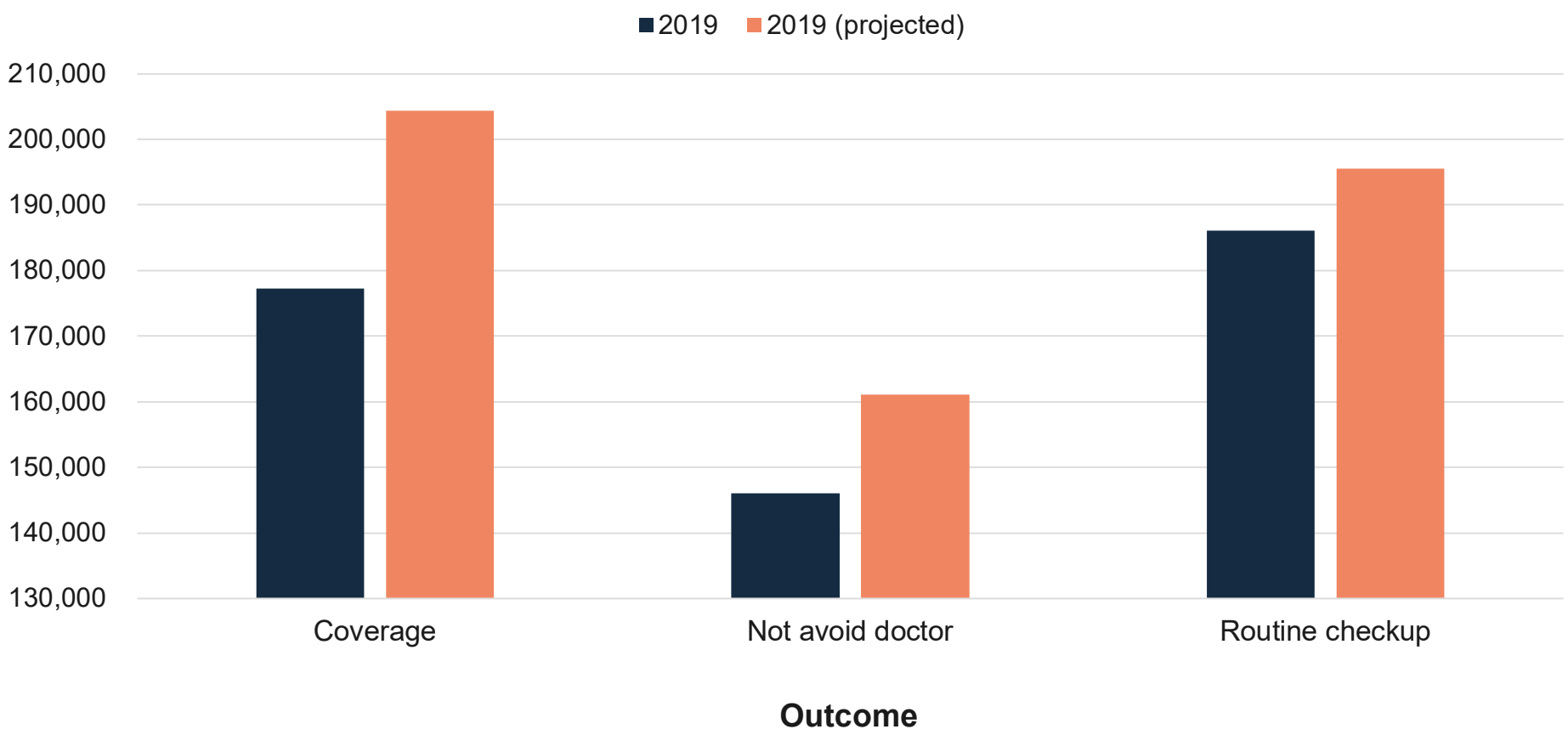


Note: Data represent percentage-point changes in expansion states relative to nonexpansion states for each variable. Each analysis controlled for sex, race, age, education, employment status, and whether the respondent owns their home, and included state and year fixed effects. Error bars represent upper and lower estimates of the 95% confidence interval (CI). Bold plots are statistically significant with  $p < 0.05$ .

Data: Authors' analysis of the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2011–2013 and 2017–2019.

# Pre- and Post-ACA Health Insurance Coverage and Access Rates for Parents in the Gap Population in Alabama, and Projected Rates Under Medicaid Expansion

Number of individuals



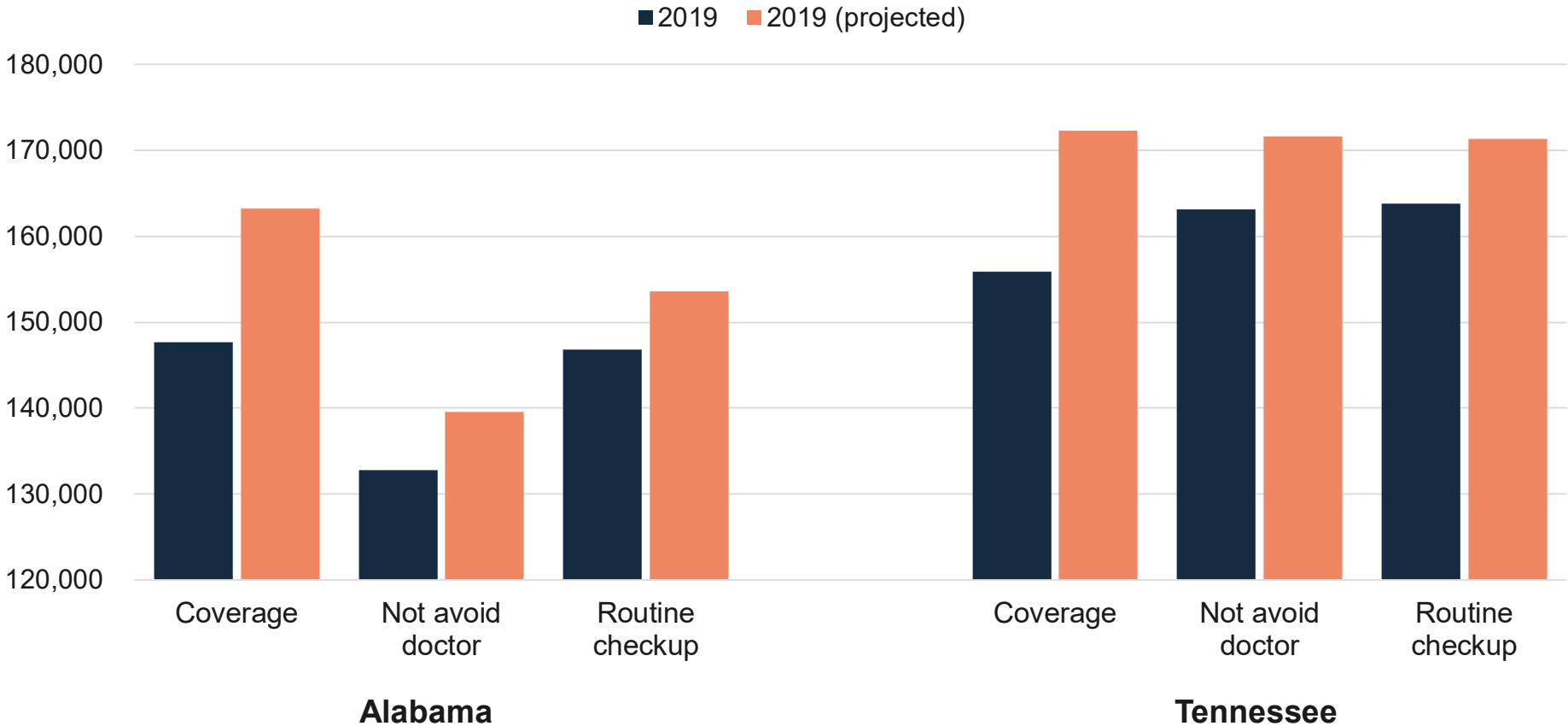
Note: Blue bars represent actual levels for the potential gap population for each variable in 2019. Orange bars represent the authors' projections if Alabama had implemented Medicaid expansion. Tennessee isn't included in this figure because pre-ACA Medicaid eligibility thresholds provided coverage for all parents with incomes below 100% of poverty. See the Appendix for projections for all remaining nonexpansion states.

Data: Authors' analysis of the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2019.

EXHIBIT 5

# Pre- and Post-ACA Health Insurance Coverage and Access Rates for Parents in the Gap Population in Alabama and Tennessee, and Projected Rates Under Medicaid Expansion

Number of individuals



Note: Blue bars represent actual levels for the potential gap population for each variable in 2019. Orange bars represent the authors' projections if each state had implemented Medicaid expansion. See the Appendix for projections for all remaining nonexpansion states.

Data: Authors' analysis of the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2019.