

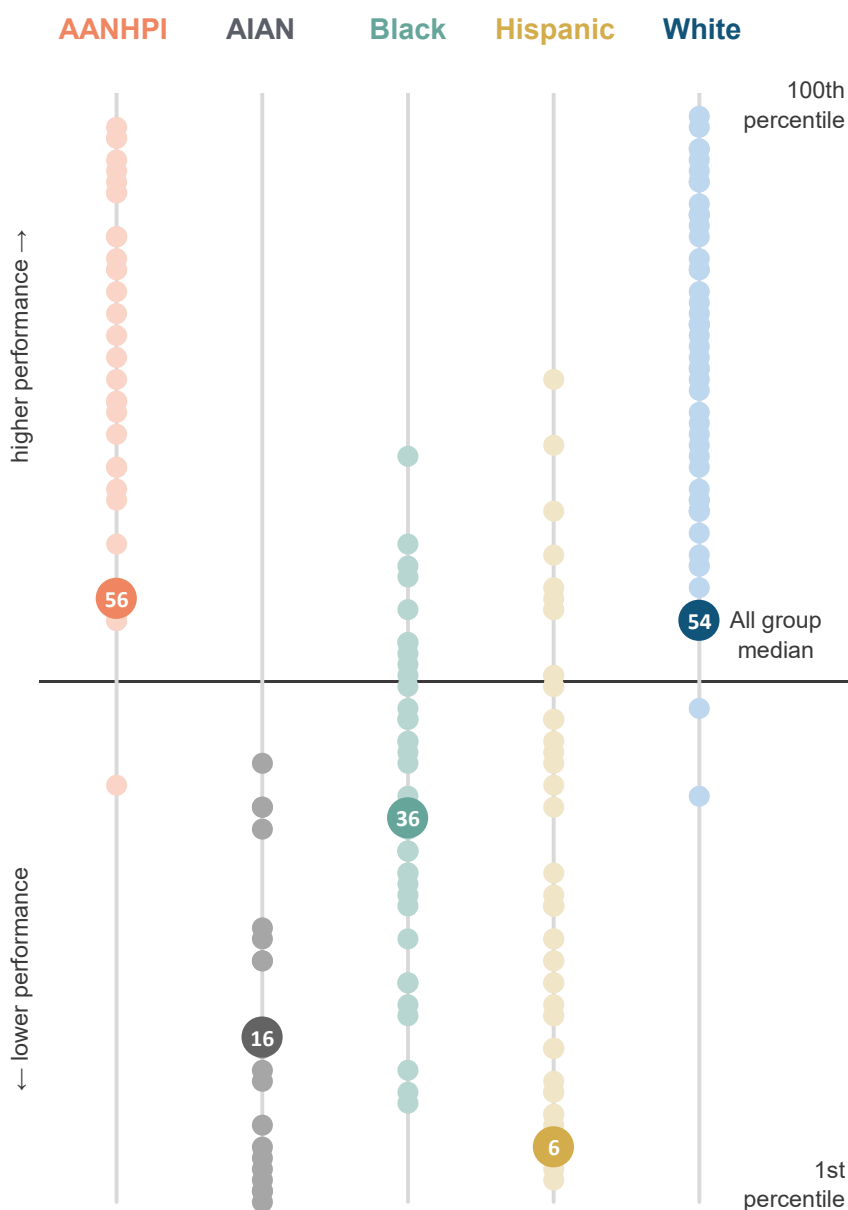
How well does the health care system in Oklahoma work for people of different racial and ethnic groups?

In Oklahoma, **AANHPI people** experienced the **best health care outcomes, access, and quality**, scoring in the 56th percentile among all population groups nationally.

Hispanic people experienced the **worst health care outcomes, access, and quality** in the state, scoring in the 6th percentile.

Compared to other states in the Southwest region, Oklahoma has **less severe** racial and ethnic health disparities.

Health System Performance by Race/Ethnicity



Each column is a racial/ethnic group, and each point represents a state. Performance represented as percentiles (1–100). Oklahoma performance percentile highlighted. No highlighted dot indicates overall performance data not available for that group.

Population by race/ethnicity (2024)

	Oklahoma		Southwest		United States	
Total	4,008,981		44,385,907		335,268,606	
AANHPI	108,958	3%	2,345,220	5%	21,483,845	6%
AIAN	269,497	7%	725,337	2%	1,720,874	<1%
Black	249,345	6%	4,250,565	10%	38,820,084	12%
Hispanic	542,206	14%	16,429,756	37%	67,230,087	20%
White	2,451,782	61%	18,651,175	42%	188,863,832	56%

Notes: AANHPI = Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander. AIAN = American Indian and Alaska Native. “—” means data not available. Southwest states include AZ, NM, OK, TX.

Source: Jess Maksut et al., *The Commonwealth Fund 2026 State Health Disparities Report* (Commonwealth Fund, Apr. 2026).

How well does the health system in Oklahoma work for people from different racial and ethnic groups and across different dimensions of care?

AANHPI

Oklahoma ranks 30th among the 33 states we were able to rank. This indicates that the state's health system performance for AANHPI people was among the worst compared to other states.

- Health outcomes ranking: **33** (of 36) is among the worst
- Health care access ranking: **33** (of 36) is among the worst
- Health care quality ranking: **37** (of 45) is worse than the average

AIAN

Oklahoma ranks 9th among the 21 states we were able to rank. This indicates that the state's health system performance for AIAN people was better than the average compared to other states.

- Health outcomes ranking: **16** (of 23) is worse than the average
- Health care access ranking: **9** (of 21) is better than the average
- Health care quality ranking: **5** (of 25) is among the best

Black

Oklahoma ranks 20th among the 39 states we were able to rank. This indicates that the state's health system performance for Black people was worse than the average compared to other states.

- Health outcomes ranking: **41** (of 41) is among the worst
- Health care access ranking: **26** (of 41) is worse than the average
- Health care quality ranking: **3** (of 45) is among the best

Hispanic

Oklahoma ranks 46th among the 49 states we were able to rank. This indicates that health system performance for Hispanic people was among the worst compared to other states.

- Health outcomes ranking: **36** (of 50) is worse than the average
- Health care access ranking: **40** (of 50) is worse than the average
- Health care quality ranking: **47** (of 50) is among the worst

White

Oklahoma ranks 48th among the 51 states we were able to rank. This indicates that the health system performance for white people was among the worst compared to other states.

- Health outcomes ranking: **48** (of 51) is among the worst
- Health care access ranking: **42** (of 51) is worse than the average
- Health care quality ranking: **47** (of 51) is among the worst

Notes: Lower values indicate higher rank and better performance among each racial/ethnic group in Oklahoma compared to other states. Performance data not available for all groups in every state.

Source: Jess Maksut et al., *The Commonwealth Fund 2026 State Health Disparities Report* (Commonwealth Fund, Apr. 2026).

Oklahoma Performance Data

	AANHPI		AIAN		Black		Hispanic		White	
	OK rate	US rate	OK rate	US rate	OK rate	US rate	OK rate	US rate	OK rate	US rate
Health Outcomes										
Deaths before age 75 from health care–treatable causes per 100,000 population	68	48	171	123	199	152	78	69	119	81
Deaths before age 75 from preventable causes per 100,000 population	110	77	416	380	353	273	158	145	283	197
Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births)	5.5	3.7	6.8	9.1	13.0	10.9	6.2	5.0	6.2	4.5
Breast cancer deaths (per 100,000 female population)	13	12	21	13	31	26	11	13	23	19
Colorectal cancer deaths (per 100,000 population)	12	9	20	14	17	16	10	11	18	13
Hospital 30-day readmission rate age 65 and older (per 1,000 beneficiaries)	—	—	—	—	58	44	—	—	26	29
Adults age 18 and older who smoke (%)	10	6	20	22	17	12	11	10	14	12
Adults ages 18–64 who are obese (%)	15	15	42	41	43	43	42	36	40	34
Adults ages 18–64 who have lost six or more teeth (%)	—	3	14	16	14	10	6	6	14	9
Health Care Access										
Adults ages 19–64 uninsured (%)	15	7	24	21	18	12	33	23	11	8
Children ages 0–18 uninsured (%)	7	4	19	14	5	6	13	10	6	5
Adults age 18 and older who went without care because of cost (%)	18	8	12	17	16	13	27	21	12	9
Individuals under age 65 with high out-of-pocket medical costs (%)	—	8	5	13	9	11	11	12	10	8
Adults age 18 and older with a usual source of care (%)	74	83	86	80	84	86	58	67	87	88
Health Care Quality										
Preventable hospitalizations age 65 and older (per 1,000 beneficiaries)	—	—	—	—	47	44	—	—	31	30
Potentially avoidable emergency department visits age 65 and older (per 1,000 beneficiaries)	—	—	—	—	185	226	—	—	180	157
Adult women ages 50–74 who received a mammogram in the past two years (%)	62	76	69	65	80	84	55	76	74	78
Adults ages 45–75 with a recent colon cancer screening test (%)	42	53	62	56	66	66	34	51	64	69
Adults with a recent flu shot (%)	41	49	34	33	35	36	26	33	39	45
Adults age 65 and older who have ever gotten a pneumonia vaccine (%)	78	65	71	64	63	64	61	58	73	73
Children with age-appropriate medical and dental preventive care visits (%)	—	—	—	—	52	66	65	63	69	73
Children ages 19–35 months with all recommended vaccines (%)	—	—	—	—	—	67	74	67	66	72
Adults age 18 and older without a dental visit in the past year (%)	37	32	41	43	38	39	50	44	38	31
Primary care spending as share of total age 65 and older (%)	—	—	—	—	28.9	7.5	—	—	6.7	6.1

Notes: “—” means data not available.

Source: Jess Maksut et al., *The Commonwealth Fund 2026 State Health Disparities Report* (Commonwealth Fund, Apr. 2026).