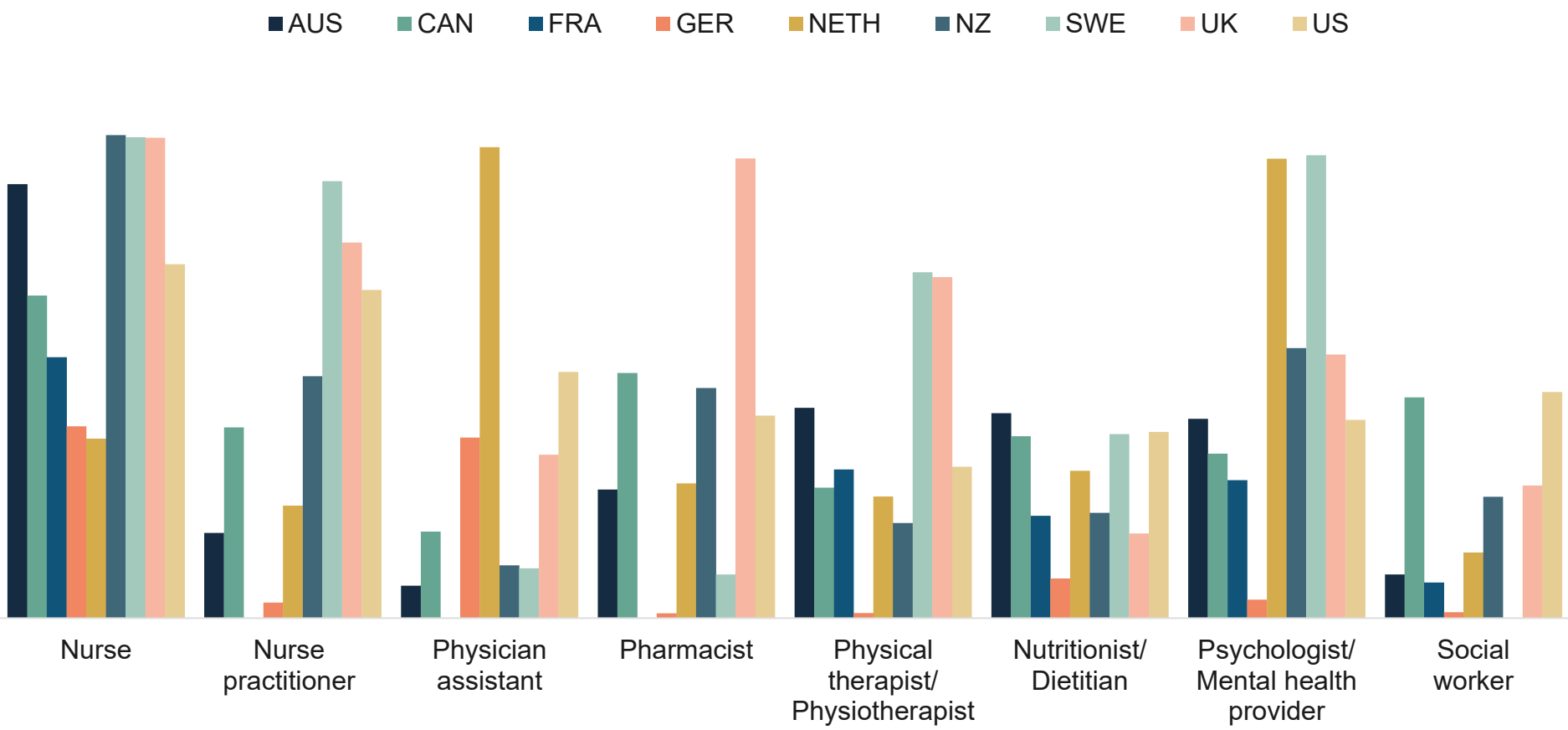


There is wide variation in provider composition within primary care practices.

Percent of primary care physicians who report the following types of health care professionals work to provide care for patients within their practice



Notes: Respondents in Switzerland were not asked this series. Respondents in France were not asked about "nurse practitioners," "physician assistants," or "pharmacists." Respondents in Sweden were not asked about "social workers."

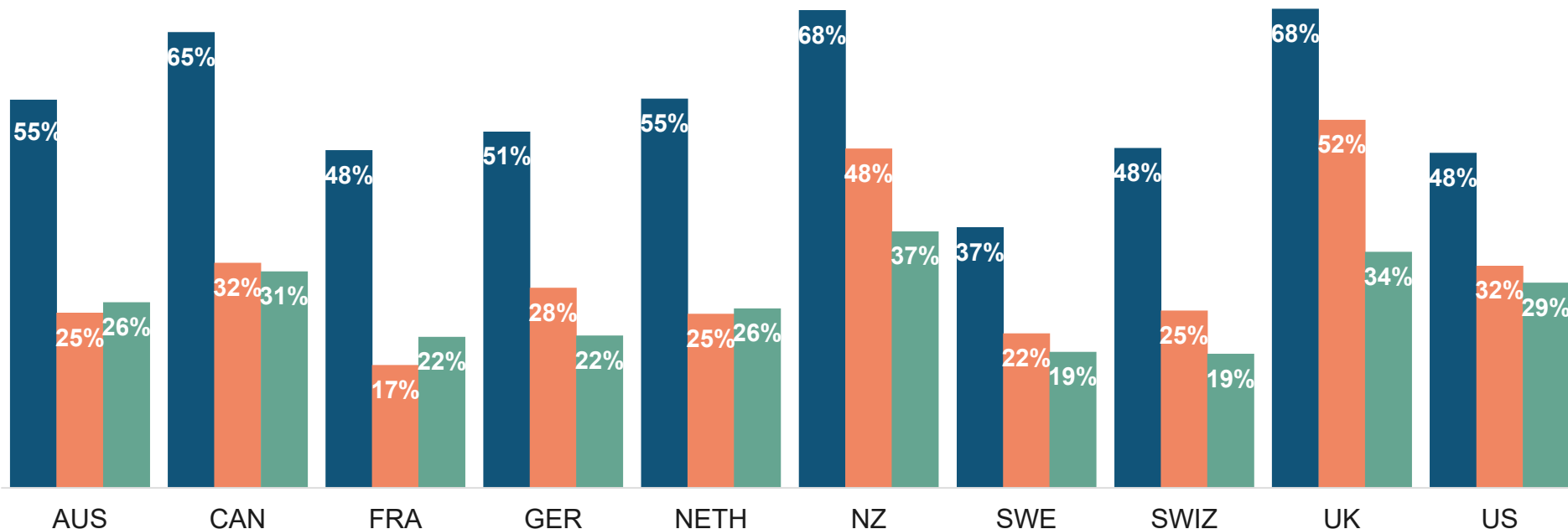
Data: 2025 Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians.



In all countries, more than half of primary care providers say “a lot” of the conditions they treat are related to mental health.

Percent of primary care physicians who responded “a lot” of the health conditions they treat in their patient population are due to . . .

- Mental health needs
- Health issues that are related to the sociodemographic situation* of patients
- Lack of access to preventive health care measures, including screenings, vaccinations, healthier diets, and physical activity

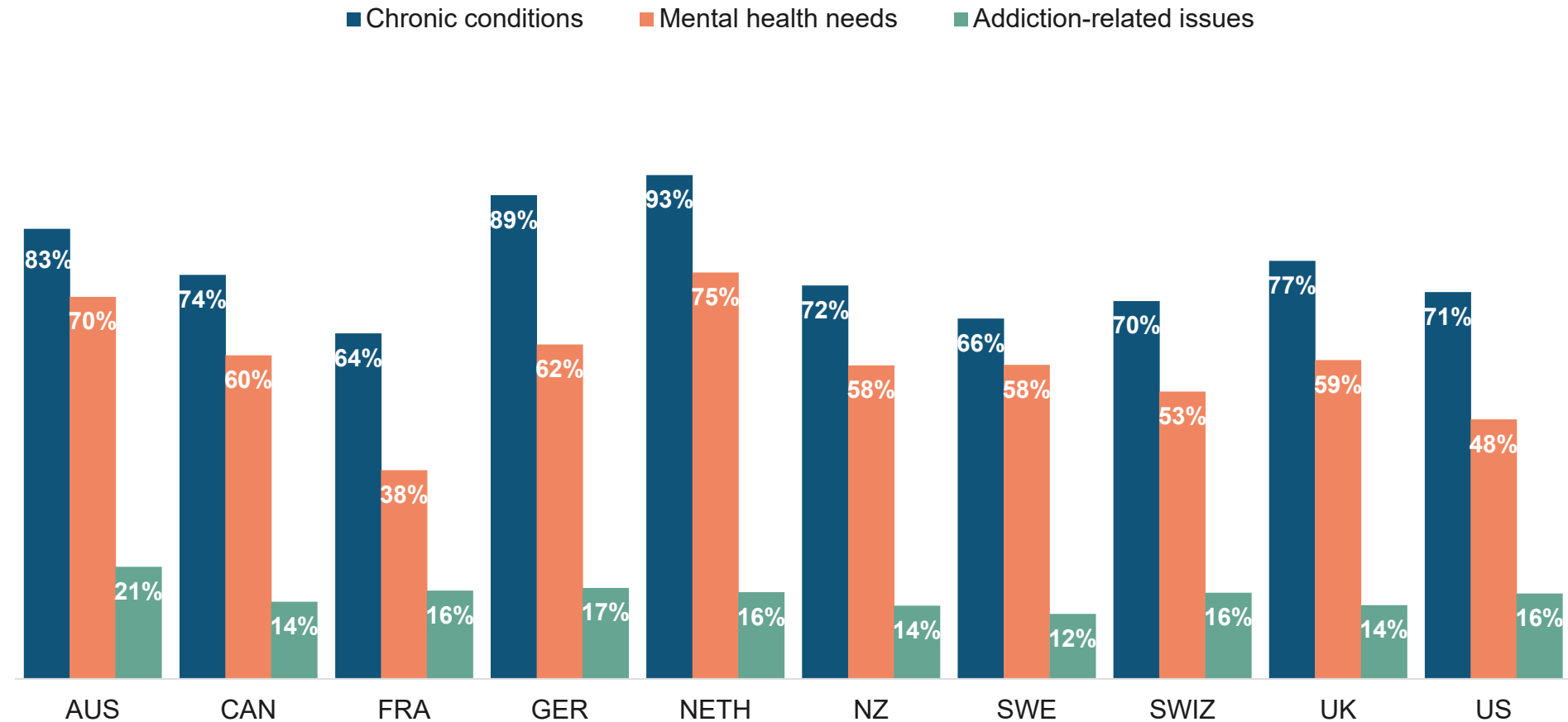


* Sociodemographic situations include unstable housing, lack of access to nutritious meals, and unemployment.

Data: 2025 Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians.

Most physicians report they are well prepared to manage chronic conditions; few are prepared to handle addiction-related issues.

Percent of primary care providers who responded their practice is “well prepared” to manage care for patients with . . .



Notes: Chronic conditions include diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, and heart failure. Mental health needs include anxiety and mild or moderate depression. Addiction-related issues include drug, opioid, and alcohol use, or gambling.

Data: 2025 Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians.