Exhibit 1. 13.7 Million Uninsured Young Adults in 2008, Up by 2.8 Million in Last Eight Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Millions uninsured, adults ages 19–29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>11.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>12.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>13.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>12.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>13.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>13.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>13.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>13.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 2. Approximately Three of Four Young Adults with a Time Uninsured During the Past Year Experienced Problems Accessing Care

Percent of young adults ages 19–29

* Difference is significant at p<.05, compared with “insured all year.”

Source: Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).
Exhibit 3. Almost Half of Uninsured Young Adults with a Chronic Health Problem Had a Health Problem Worsen Because of Delayed Care

In the past 12 months, a health problem worsened because care was delayed.

* Difference is significant at p<.05, compared with “insured all year.”

^ Fair or poor health status, or has at least one of the following chronic conditions: diabetes; asthma; depression, anxiety, or problems with stress or nerves; attention deficit disorder; another condition that limits daily activity.

Source: Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).
Exhibit 4. Young Adults with Gaps in Coverage Experience Difficulties Paying for Care

Percent of young adults ages 19–29

- Not able to pay medical bills: 33, 18, 18, 27, 14, 8, 25, 27
- Contacted by collection agency: 18, 9, 27, 14, 8, 25, 18, 27
- Had to change way of life to pay bills: 55, 50, 29, 23, 21, 36, 30, 63
- Medical bills/medical debt being paid off over time: 59, 50, 29, 23, 21, 36, 30, 63
- Any medical bill problem or outstanding debt: 63, 59

* Difference is significant at p<.05, compared with “insured all year.”
** Includes only those individuals who had a bill sent to a collection agency when they were unable to pay it.

Source: Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).
### Exhibit 5. Nineteenth Birthdays Are Critical Turning Points in Coverage for Young Adults

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent Uninsured</th>
<th>Children, Age 18 and Under</th>
<th>Young Adults, Ages 19–29</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;100% FPL</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100%–199% FPL</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;200% FPL</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 6. Four of 10 Young Adults Who Had Insurance Through Their Parent’s Employer While in High School Lost or Had to Switch Insurance After High School; Almost Half Went Without Insurance for Two Years or More

What happened to health insurance when graduated from or left high school

- Don’t know/refused: 2%
- Continues to get insurance through same source: 56%
- Switched to a new source: 15%
- Lost insurance: 27%

Length of time without insurance*

- Don’t know/refused: 1%
- ≤1 month: 3%
- >1 month to <6 months: 13%
- 6 months to <1 year: 15%
- 1 year to <2 years: 23%
- 2 years or more: 46%

* Among those who had a gap between losing and gaining new insurance, or who went without insurance after graduating from or leaving high school, or who did not have insurance when they graduated from or left high school.

Note: Numbers may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

Source: The Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).
Exhibit 7. Three-Quarters of Young Adults Who Had Insurance Through Their Parent’s Employer While in College Lost or Had to Switch Insurance After College

What happened to health insurance when graduated from or left college

- Lost insurance: 32%
- Continued to get insurance through same source: 23%
- Switched to a new source: 43%
- Don’t know/refused: 1%

Length of time without insurance*

- <1 month: 14%
- 6 months to <1 year: 15%
- 1 year to <2 years: 14%
- >1 month to <6 months: 33%
- 2 years or more: 23%
- Don’t know/refused: 1%

* Among those who had a gap between losing and gaining new insurance, or who went without insurance after graduating from or leaving college, or who did not have insurance when they graduated from or left college.

Note: Numbers may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

Source: The Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).
Exhibit 8. Distribution of 13.7 Million Uninsured Young Adults by Federal Poverty Level

Uninsured young adults ages 19–29

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Federal Poverty Level</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Number Uninsured</th>
<th>Premium Subsidy Cap as a Share of Income</th>
<th>Cost-Sharing Cap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;133% FPL</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>7,139,948</td>
<td>Medicaid</td>
<td>Medicaid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>133%–149% FPL</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>908,520</td>
<td>3.0%–4.0%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150%–199% FPL</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>1,726,171</td>
<td>4.0%–6.3%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200%–249% FPL</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>1,270,858</td>
<td>6.3%–8.05%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250%–299% FPL</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>740,081</td>
<td>8.05%–9.5%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300%–399% FPL</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>912,303</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;400% FPL</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>973,338</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit 9. Annual Premium Amount Paid Out-of-Pocket by Individuals and Subsidies in Exchange Under Affordable Care Act*

Annual premium amount paid out-of-pocket by individual plus premium subsidy

* For an individual in a medium-cost area in 2009. Premium estimates are based on an actuarial value of 0.70. Actuarial value is the average percent of medical costs covered by a health plan. FPL refers to federal poverty level. Source: Premium estimates are from Kaiser Family Foundation Health Reform Subsidy Calculator—Premium Assistance for Coverage in Exchanges/Gateways, http://healthreform.kff.org/Subsidycalculator.aspx.
Exhibit 10. Support for a Requirement for Everyone to Have Health Insurance

Percent of young adults ages 19–29 who strongly or somewhat favor a proposal that requires everyone to have health insurance

* Difference is significant at p<.05, compared with “Democrat.”
Note: Numbers may not sum to totals because of rounding.
Source: The Commonwealth Fund Survey of Young Adults (2009).