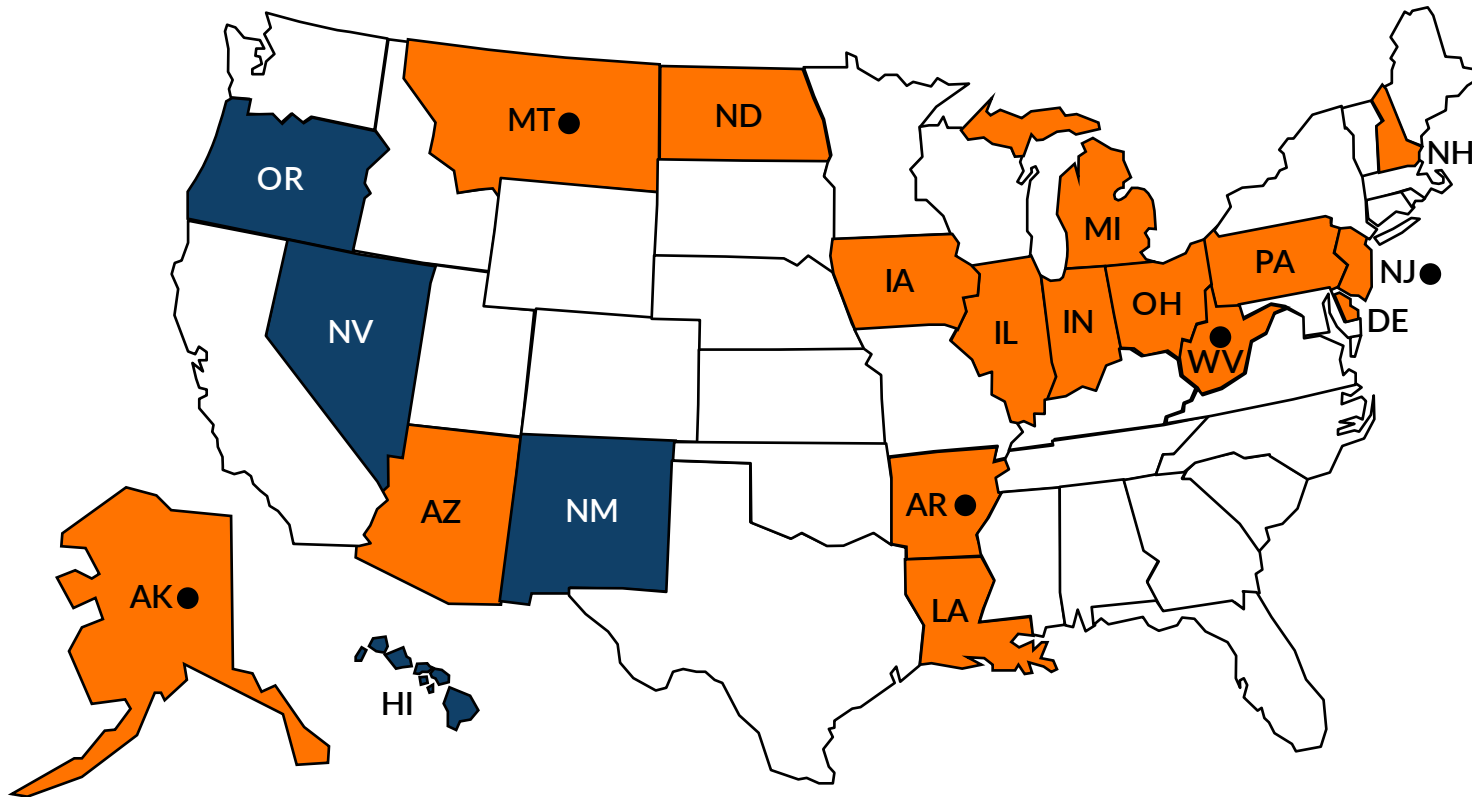


# Exhibit 1. The Affordable Care Act's Medicaid Enrollment Reforms

- A single streamlined application covering all subsidy sources
- Online and telephone applications
- Elimination of in-person interview requirements
- Limiting information requested from Medicaid applicants to the minimum necessary to determine eligibility
- Electronic information verification, using data from other federal and state agencies
- Assistance from health care navigators, who are trained to assist consumers
- Enhanced federal funding for information technology modernization

# Exhibit 2. The Role of the Marketplace in Medicaid Enrollment in Expansion States: Eligibility Determination vs. Assess and Refer

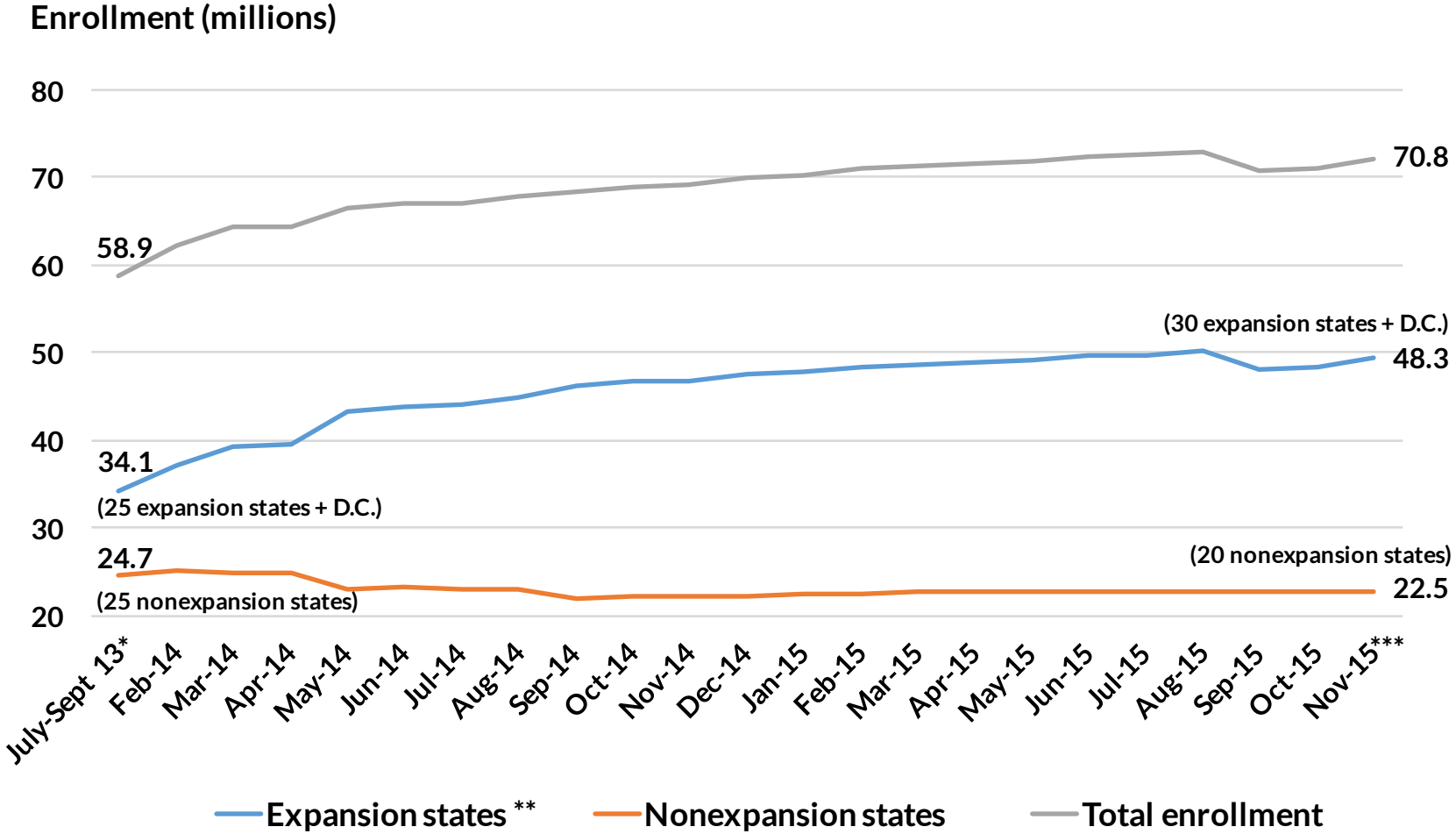
- Federally facilitated marketplace or federal partnership (16 states)
- Federally supported state-based marketplace (4 states)



● Indicates that the federally facilitated marketplace conducts final determination for Medicaid eligibility (5 states); all other federally facilitated marketplaces conduct assessment, but do not determine eligibility (15 states).

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation, Medicaid and Health Insurance Marketplace Coordination, 2016, <http://kff.org/health-reform/state-indicator/medicaid-and-health-insurance-marketplace-coordination/>.

# Exhibit 3. Enrollment in Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, in Expansion and Nonexpansion States, July–Sept. 2013 – Nov. 2015

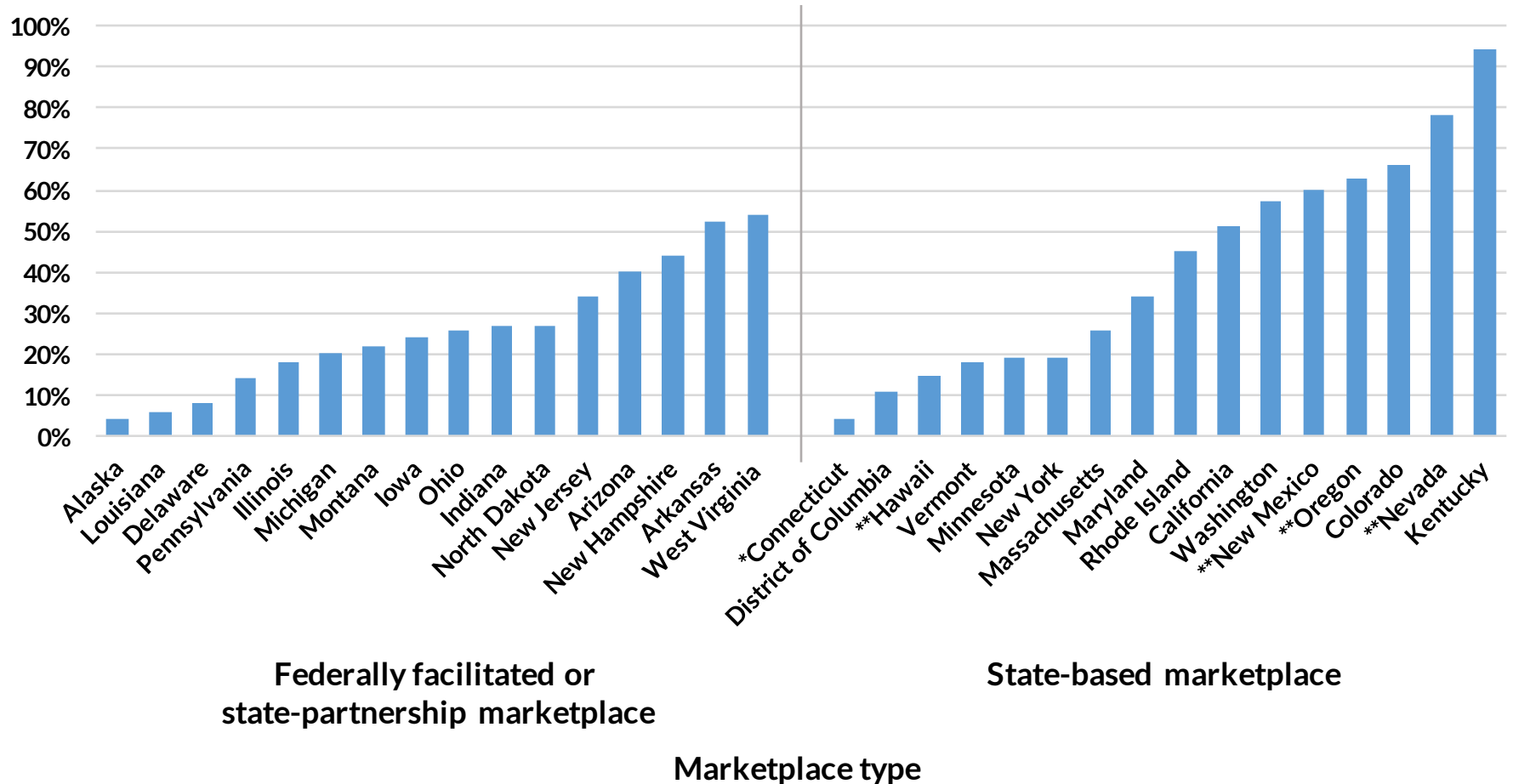


\* Average monthly Medicaid and CHIP enrollment from July–Sept. 2013.  
 \*\* Enrollment data reflect Medicaid expansion status of states at point in time collected.  
 \*\*\* Preliminary data.

Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Medicaid and CHIP: Monthly Applications, Eligibility Determinations, and Enrollment Report, <http://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/program-information/medicaid-and-chip-enrollment-data/previous-monthly-medicaid-and-chip-application-eligibility-determination-and-enrollment-reports-and-updated-data.html>.

# Exhibit 4. Percent Change in Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment in Medicaid Expansion States Using State-Based Marketplaces vs. Federal Marketplaces

Percent change in enrollment (July–Sept. 2013 – Nov. 2015)

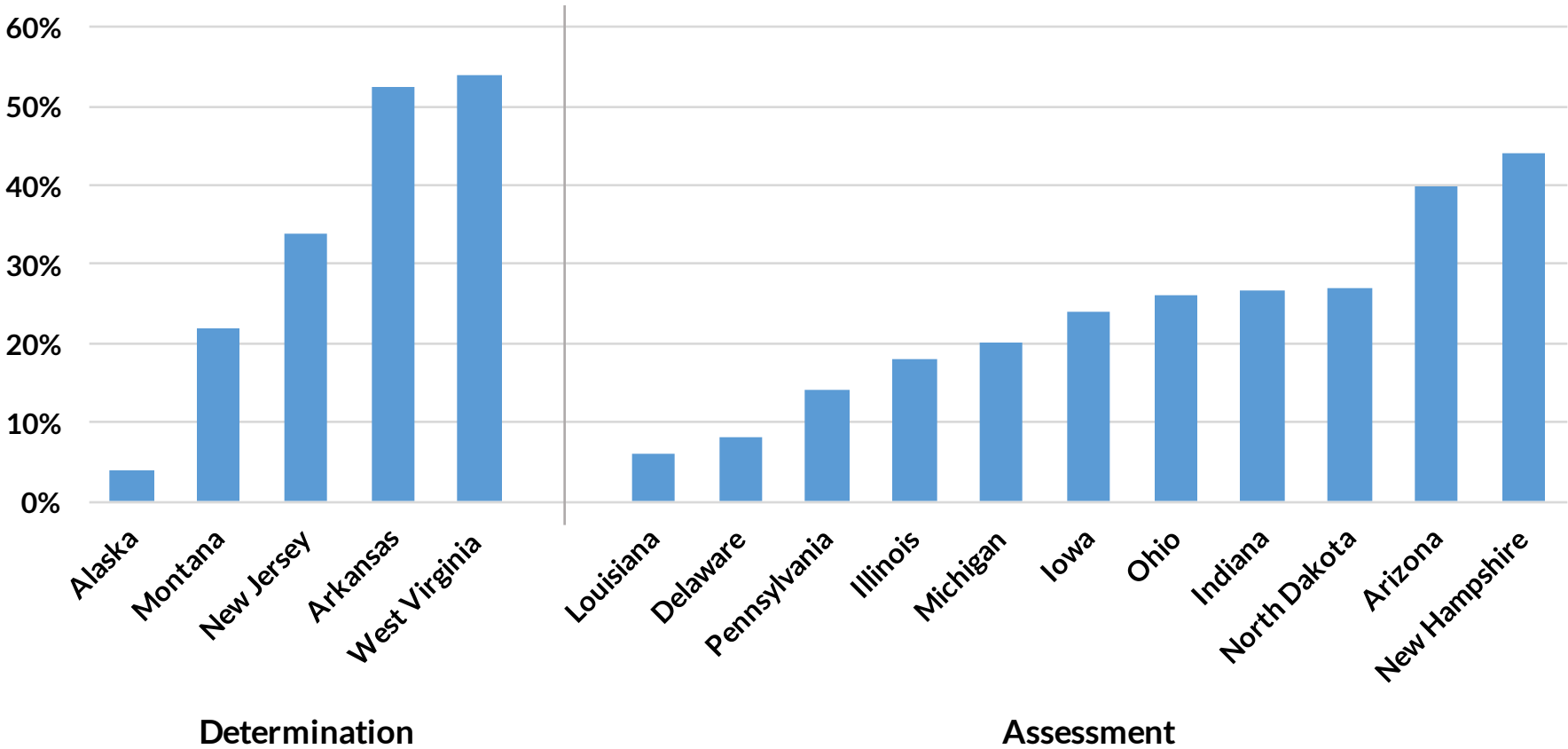


\* Connecticut did not report baseline data from July–Sept. 2013. Figure shows percent change in Connecticut Medicaid enrollment from March 2014 to Nov. 2015 (4.4%). \*\* Federally supported state-based marketplace.

Sources: Kaiser Family Foundation, Total Monthly Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment, 2015, <http://kff.org/health-reform/state-indicator/total-monthly-medicaid-and-chip-enrollment/>; Kaiser Family Foundation, Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility, January 2016 Enrollment, Renewal, and Cost-Sharing Policies as of January 2016: Findings from a 50-State Survey, 2016, <http://files.kff.org/attachment/report-medicaid-and-chip-eligibility-enrollment-renewal-and-cost-sharing-policies-as-of-january-2016-findings-from-a-50-state-survey>.

# Exhibit 5. Enrollment Rates in Expansion States Using the Federal Marketplace, Determination vs. Assessment

Percent change in Medicaid and CHIP enrollment (July–Sept. 2013 – Nov. 2015)



**Federally facilitated marketplace makes assessment or final determination for Medicaid eligibility**

Sources: Kaiser Family Foundation, Total Monthly Medicaid and CHIP Enrollment, 2015, <http://kff.org/health-reform/state-indicator/total-monthly-medicaid-and-chip-enrollment/>; Kaiser Family Foundation, Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility, January 2016 Enrollment, Renewal, and Cost-Sharing Policies as of January 2016: Findings from a 50-State Survey, 2016, <http://files.kff.org/attachment/report-medicaid-and-chip-eligibility-enrollment-renewal-and-cost-sharing-policies-as-of-january-2016-findings-from-a-50-state-survey>.